THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Historical Society

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NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21st, 1919.

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

We show a nice variety of new styles in Ladies' Hats in all the latest models for winter, in velvet, satin and plush, combined with fur, prices moderate,

Women's Knitted Pullover

Regular $7.50—Sale Price $5.90

Colors—Rose and Grey, Blue and Grey, Pink and Grey.

NECKWEAR

Collar and Cuff Sets of Organdy, net edged with frills, plain satin and silk collars, square and long rolling effects, vestees with collar attached, in organdy trimmed with lace.

Corsets a Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

Back Again

—for your—

Hay, Grain and Seeds,

And to SUPPLY you with all kinds of

Grain, Feed and Flour.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

NOTICE TO VETERANS

The Napanee Branch Great War Veterans' Association will hold their first annual meeting

DECEMBER 10th,

in their Club Rooms, Harshaw Block, at 8 p.m. sharp

Business—general welfare of the Branch and its associations generally.

Election of Officers for the coming year.

A good attendance of members is called for by request.

51c

Replace your old electric lamps with the famous "MAZDA" "MAZDA LAMPS" and cut down your light bill. You get them at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

STELLA

A large number took the Saturday trip of the steamer Brockville to Kingston. The freight was also very heavy.

J. A. Tugwell shipped a number of cattle from Emerald to Bath on Saturday.

Good prices were realized at Harvey Reid's auction sale of farm stock and implements on Wednesday last on the Front road. Milch cows sold as high as $188. "Harry" is giving up farming owing to ill health. He is at present confined to the Kingston General Hospital.

Emerald and Stella cheese factories have closed for the season.

The English church bazaar, supper and social evening, which was held on Friday afternoon and night, was very successful. About $160 was realized.

The community workers are entertaining both old and young in the township hall two nights each week.

Mrs. Wm. Fleming and two little children of Harold McCaugherty's have been under the doctor's care. All are reported as better.

Hugh Glenn has taken possession of the Royal Hotel, recently purchased from Jas. Rourke. He will conduct a government standard hotel and grocery.

Mr. and Mrs. Rourke and family left with their household goods for Picton, where they will reside.

The Amherst Island Farmers' Club held their annual meeting on Saturday evening last. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, F. P. Instant; vice-president, E. A. Scott; sec-treas., John Glenn; manager, D. H. Filson; directors, W. A. Scott, Allan Hitchins, H. S. Patterson, Hugh Filson, Robert Fleming, D. Caughey, jr.; programme committee, W. D. Sanders, W. P. Tugwell, and W. J. Glenn. Quite a number of new members were taken in on the same evening.

Churns, Butter Bowls, Ladles, Prints and Butter Paper at DAVY'S Hardware.

"Happy Thought"

For years the Happy Thought range has been the favorite cooking stove.

It's many superior points have appealed to the women who do their own cooking.

Come in and let us show you the new Happy Thought Range and Buck Heaters.

BEN. F. DAVY,
Next to Caton's.

MINUTES OF RICHMOND TOWNSHIP COUNCIL

Selby, 3rd Nov., 1919

The council met in general session in the Township Hall in Selby. The members all present, the reeve presiding.

The minutes of the last session were read and confirmed.

Moved by Irwin G. Sexsmith, seconded by Merle Sills, that the following accounts be paid: G. B. Joy, 12½ of 15 inch tile, $10.00; A. E. Springstead, Richmond Township rural school fair, as expended by financial statement furnished by him, $23.40; George Booth, work on spring bank division No. 52, 88.25; Minor Thompson, work done on road division No. 87, $25.00; Ford Russell, 310 yards gravel used on road divisions Nos. 18 and 19, also three dollars for repairing culverts on No. 18, $4.00; Wm. Graham, 65 loads of gravel furnished road division No. 26, $6.50; Mrs. Davey, aid for November, $5.00; H. R. Paul, grant on road division No. 34, $50.00; W. N. Brown grant on Hunterford boundary, $40.00; L. L. Price, 86 loads of gravel and stone furnished road divisions Nos. 21 and 22, 88.60; Carlton Woods, selecting Jurors, 89.00.—Carried

Council adjourned to meet the first Monday in December, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

J. McKITTRICK, Clerk.

ODESSA

Mrs. Elgin Parrott is ill in the Kingston General Hospital.

Pilot. Officer Sgt. Clark, who has been on the sick list, is improving.

The social dance given in the town hall on Wednesday night was well attended. About 100 couples enjoyed dancing until the small morning hours, and also the dainty refreshments served at midnight.

Messrs. Gladwin Clark, Minneapolis; and Reginald Clark, Edmonton, are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Clark.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lawlor have returned from visiting their daughter, Mrs. Jas. Burns, Tamworth.

Mrs. Herbert Kendall, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs T. Clyde, returned to her home in Montreal last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McQueen spent last Sunday with their niece Mrs. Herbert Jamieson, Hartington.

EMERALD

The recent rains have been a help to the farmers in their plowing.

H. Reid's auction sale of farm stock and implements on Wednesday last was well attended and good prices were realized.

A. Reid had a plowing bee on Thursday.

J. McFeen has completed a new barn for John Wemp, jr.

Wilfrid Morrow and Sherman Williard are visiting in Syracuse, N. Y.

The young people held a dance at the home of Donald White.

H. Reid is receiving treatment at Kingston General Hospital.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Beggs, a daughter.

Mrs. P. Howard and Mrs. E. McDonald atended their sister's funeral in Deseronto on Monday.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sargent and little daughter, Geraldine, at A. Reid's; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clarke, of Napanee, at H. Reid's; Bert Wolfreys, of Toronto, with his brother, Ernest.

ENTERPRISE EAST

The recent rains have left the roads in a very bad condition.

A number of our sportsmen are enjoying some sport in the north country.

A number from here attended the social at Enterprise on Wednesday evening.

Those who attended the dance at Tamworth on Friday evening report a splendid time.

Miss Katie Dillon is visiting her sister, Mrs. Timothy Donoghue, for a few days.

Edward Finn made a flying trip to Bedford on Wednesday of last week.

Willie Campbell returned on Saturday from Kingston, where he has been undergoing treatment for his eyes.

Miss Florence Finn is visiting her sister, Mrs. Evans, Moscow.

Miss Kathleen Breen is visiting friends at Wilson's crossing.

Miss Moher has returned to her school which was closed on account of measles.

Mr. Michael McGrath, and sister Sadie, Erinsville, are visiting relatives here.

A WONDERFUL COMBINATION

The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, is a wonderful combination of a newspaper, family magazine and agricultural journal. It is beyond question the greatest value on this Continent. The yearly subscription price is $1.25 and each subscriber receives a handsome souvenir portrait of the Prince of Wales, 16x22 inches. The porrait alone is well worth the money. The family herald is a credit to Canada. It deserves a place in every home. $1.25 could not be better spent than in a year's subscription to that great paper. The home without it is certainly missing a great family treat.

Get fancy buiscuits at H. W. KELLY'S. He has fifty different kinds to choose from. Why make cake when eggs cost over 5c. each.

Town Council

Council Chambers,
Napanee, Nov. 17th, 1919.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor J. E. Robinson presiding.

Members present—Reeve Graham, and Councillors Boyes, MacGregor, Ming, Paul and Steacy.

The minutes of the last regular and a previous special meeting were read, and on motion were confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From the American La France Fire Engine Co., advising the Council that four Babcock engines had been forwarded to the Fire Department. Ordered filed.

From the Fuel Administrator of the Province of Ontario, asking that a full survey of the coal situation in Napanee be made, and the details forwarded to the Toronto office.

On motion the above communication was placed in the hands of Chief Barrett, Fuel Commissioner.

From Dr. P. J. Maloney, District Officer of Health, as follows:

"Cornwall, Ont.,
Nov. 11th, 1919.

W. A. Grange,
Napanee, Ont.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of recent date awaited me on my return from New Orleans, where I had been attending a meeting of the American Public Health Association.

I have no doubt we have had several cases of smallpox in your end of my district. Unfortunately some of our physicians persist in pronouncing these cases chicken pox. In one case I had a very old and reputable physician persist in calling it chicken pox until another case developed of such severity that the patient died.

I might congratulate you on the way your Board handled your Napanee case. If all Boards would act in the same prompt and effective manner we would have no trouble in keeping this end of the Province practically free from this disease. I am investigating the Lewis cases."

From D. H. Preston, K.C., Solicitor for B. S. Vanalstine, who is seeking compensation to the extent of $60.00 for alleged damages caused to plaintiff's land and property by blasting in the town quarry.

The Street Committee reported that the sewer on East Street, north of Thomas Street, was in bad condition and causing considerable trouble. They had to take up a portion of it and clean the tile out.

Moved by Reeve Graham, seconded by Councillor Steacy, that the necessary balance of tile on East St. be taken up and cleaned out. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Graham, seconded by Councillor Paul, that the matter of an electric light near Mrs. Lynn's residence on Water Street be left in the hands of the Fire, Water and Light Committee, with power to act. Carried.

Moved by Reeve Graham, seconded by Councillor Boyes, that the salary and wages of the Napanee Fire Brigade, amounting to $527.26, be paid. Referred to the Fire, Water and Light Committee, with power to act.

The Market and Police Committee reported that they had procured a license for holding entertainments in the Town Hall, and the caretaker had been notified that a war tax be collected.

Moved by Councillor Boyes, seconded by Councillor Ming, that the Napanee Literary and Musical Club be allowed the use of the Town Hall for their next meeting on Nov. 25th, at the usual rental fee. Carried.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—Napanee Iron Works Co., R. A. Beard $4.85, Normile Grocery $2.50.

An account of the Bell Telephone Co., $3.40, was referred to the Market and Police Committee, with power to act.

On motion the Council adjourned.

QUALITY IN LIVE STOCK

"We must establish our name for quality in live stock as we have done for quality in grain. Quality must be our slogan if we are successfully compete with the Argentine" says the Hon. F. S. Tolmie, Canada's Minister of Agriculture, in the Agricultural Gazette for November. "It is by better sires, better feeding, and better finishing that we can obtain a position second to none in the live stock world. The scrub sire is doomed and is now being prepared for the block. An accredited herd system is being established with a view to stamping out disease and insuring health in our herds. In whatever direction our trade develops it is our duty to see that only first class stock, free from disease of any kind, is exported."

German Spoke the Truth.

While holding the line in front of St. Pierre, Que., Lens front in August, 1917, a German bombing post was giving us a great deal of trouble, so it was decided to try and take it.

A party was sent out in charge of an officer, which successfully accomplished their task, bringing back with them a German major and two privates.

When standing in our trench, one German, putting his hand on one of the boy's shoulders, said:

"Hello, Canada! I'm glad you caught me. I'm from Saskatchewan."

Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, and grapes—fresh lot— at H. W. KELLY'S.

TO THE PEOPLE OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON

The Victory Loan 1919 Committee for the County of Lennox and Addington desire to express their appreciation of the warm reception given to the canvassers and others in the drive for subscriptions to the Loan.

The heartiest co-operation seemed to exist between the public and the county's needs, and the same liberal response to the appeal came from the good people of the old county of Lennox and Addington as from the rest of the province.

In spite of the turmoil of public affairs resulting from elections, referendum, strikes and adverse weather conditions, with bad roads and absence of the impetus given by an acute war sentiment the organization by its efforts lined up the people right before the loan and achieved magnificent success.

It is true that in the County of Lennox and Addington the amount subscribed to the loan this year falls short of the amount subscribed last year by about $50,000 yet the results were wonderful and with the achievement of the objective, and far beyond it, this county we now have linked ourselves up with the rest of the province and the whole dominion to keep pace with the wonderful progress our country is making and assisting in maintaining national prosperity and the national credit.

We are particularly happy in having gained our objective and gone over the top so magnificently because there was a great deal of pessimism prevailing as to the success of the loan.

That the success is a substantial one can be judged by the enthusiasm and co-operation of the county organization and we desire to pass on to the people of the county their share of this appreciation and thanks.

We have gained the proud distinction of having made a very real contribution to the brilliant success of the loan and thanks to your hearty co-operation we can retire from our task with the satisfaction that the same has been well and thoroughly done.

May we all long cherish the memory of the effort put forth during this memorial campaign.

On behalf of the County Executive,

U. M. WILSON,
Chairman.

Napanee, Nov. 20th, 1919.

"The objective for the County was $925,000 and it achieved the wonderful total of $1,180,000, or 127 per cent. of the objective. One thing which is very noteworthy is the fact that every district went over its objective, thereby winning the Prince of Wales Honor Flag.

The final results are as follows:

	Total Subscribed	Received Objective
Napanee	$373,050	$250,000
N. Fred. and N. Adolphustown	93,600	65,000
S. Fred. and S. Adolphustown	111,900	75,000
Amherst Isl.	46,800	35,000
Ernestown, including Village of Bath.	154,350	130,000
Richmond	106,700	85,000
Camden	232,150	225,000
Sheffield	56,150	50,000
Kaladar, etc.	9,850	5,000
Denbigh, etc.	8,900	5,000

The newspaper clipping competition for school children was very lively and it became very difficult for the judges to decide. It was therefore thought advisable to award four prizes to the four highest individuals, and prizes were therefore awarded as follows:

1. The Graham Co. Limited.
2. Robinson Co. Limited.
3. Hooper's Drug Store.
4. J. L. Boyes & Son.

Speedy Travellers.

A statement was made recently to the effect that in the near future there will be airplanes capable of travelling eight hundred miles an hour, a possibility that makes the idea of crossing the Atlantic seem almost insignificant. And if this prophesy is fulfilled we may look forward to a race among airmen to be first to circle the earth in a day.

To fly around the globe in a day over the latitude of London would require a speed of less than seven hundred miles an hour, while over the equator the speed would have to be about one thousand and fifty miles per hour. An interesting point in such a one-day world-circling flight would be that if the airman flew from east to west and started at noon, he would travel in daylight with the sun at the meridian from start to finish.—Tit-Bits.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

All supplies for Aladdin Lamps at WALLACE'S, agents for Napanee.

To-day—Not To-morrow

Don't put off opening a savings account until to-morrow, as to-morrow you may spend the amount you intend to save.

Open a savings account to-day with the nearest branch of

THE DOMINION BANK 575
NAPANEE BRANCH

F. COTTLE, - - - - - Manager.

Do Your Banking by R. F. D.

Make the mail your messenger; and save yourself the long rides to town.

Deposits may be made—butter and cheese cheques cashed—money withdrawn—just as easily and safely by mail as in person.

Write the manager to tell you all about this convenient plan of *Banking By Mail* —or call in and have it explained, the next time you are town.

14

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA Established 1864.

Napanee Branch, - - - - E. R. Checkley, Manager.
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, - J. W. McClyment, Manager.
Tamworth Branch, - - - S. D. Whaley, Manager.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated 1869
Head Office, Montreal

Capital Paid Up.....$16,000,000
Reserve Funds..... 17,000,000

600 Branches

throughout Canada, Nfld., West Indies, in Central and South America,

London, Eng., New York, N.Y.

Savings Department

at all Branches. Deposits received and interest allowed at highest current rates.

Napanee Branch—
R. G. H. Travers, Mgr.

Bath Branch—
G. W. Cuppage, Mgr.

Odessa Branch—
F. Ryckman, Mgr.

Enterprise Branch—
F. J. Hunter, Mgr.

POULTRY FAIR

A Poultry Fair will be held in Napanee on

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26th and 27th.

All buyers have been notified, and several have signified their intention of being present. The buyers will be at the Market Square, and it is requested that all poultry be brought to the market square.

By order,

W. A. GRANGE,
Town Clerk.

49-b

Wooden Money.

Who ever heard of wooden money? The only known currency of this kind is issued by the Hudson Bay Co., and circulates all over the vast territory controlled by that powerful trading concern.

It is a coinage consisting of pieces of wood known as "castors," which are stamped with a die. These are accepted everywhere in that territory as cash, and are exchangeable for all sorts of supplies and commodities at the widely scattered stations of the corporation.

The area governed by the company is vast. In one straight line it extends as far as from London to Mecca; from King's Posts to the Pelly Banks is further than from Paris to Sarmacand. Over all of this region the corporation exercises a complete dominion, employ the native Indians, chiefly Ojibways and Crees, to collect the furs which furnished its revenue.

Hudson Bay is about two-thirds the size of the Gulf of Mexico. It is an almost landlocked sea, with 3,000 miles of coast line. More than 300 years ago Hendrik Hudson, trying to find the northwest passage, wintered there. His crew mutinied and set him afloat in an open boat with his son and seven others. He and his companions were never seen again.

The unit of value in that part of the world is a beaver skin. Two martens are equal to one beaver. The trapping is done in winter, and in spring the Indians bring the pelts to the stations, receiving in payment for them wooden money. With the latter they buy what supplies they need at the store maintained by the company at the station.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
ESTD. 1873

LEARN TO SAVE.—Every man, woman and child can save. Every one should save. Every ambitious person does save. The Savings Department of the Standard Bank of Canada affords every facility for aiding you to save. 22

THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH
R. R. WHITE MANAGER
BRANCHES ALSO AT
BELLEVILLE, BLOOMFIELD, BRIGHTON, CAMPBELLFORD, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON, WELLINGTON.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

GOOD GENERAL HOUSE MAID WANTED.—Apply to MRS. C. I. MAYBEE. 42tf

FOR SALE—Right, Happy Thought Range, wood and coal. MRS. R. H. ALLEN, Market. 50tp

CAPABLE MAID WANTED—At once. Apply MRS. GALBRAITH, corner Dundas and West Streets. 49-

FOUND—Small Umbrella, on Oct. 30th. Owner may have Same by calling at this office and paying for this ad't.

FOR SALE—Lot No. 10, West side Robert street, Napanee. Desirable property. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 34tf

HOUSE FOR SALE—That desirable Brick Double House, corner Bridge and Adelphi Streets. Apply to M. B. MILLS. 13tf

LOST—Between the Lennox Hotel and Standard Bank, $22.00 in bills. Will finder return to this office and receive reward. 51-ap.

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-t-f

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—until May 1st. Phone, bath and electric. Apply MRS. MANLY JONES, East Street, Napanee. 51-ap

WANTED—A Good Cook, woman preferred. Apply MRS. GALBRAITH, bed and room. Apply Brick House, Tweed, Ont. WM. CREECE, Prop. 48tp

STORE TO RENT — Desirable store on Dundas Street, next to Smith's Jewelry Store. Possession after Oct. 24th. Apply to A. H. SCHRYER, R. R. 2, Napanee. 41ap

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One 2 Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Seed House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 46tf

VIOLIN PUPILS WANTED—Commencing next year arrangements; only a limited number will be accommodated. A. L. McMULLEN, Vine's Corners, Napanee. 51-ap.

LARGE GROCERY CORPORATION—is going to start new every where in rural-route grocery business of their own. Earn $30 weekly. Send for free plan. THE CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION, Windsor, Ontario, Canada 50b

FOR SALE—Brick House on East Street, home of the late Dr. G. C. T. Ward, large garden, barn, all modern conveniences. Would make a splendid double house. For further information, enquire of MRS. WARD, Napanee. 32-tf

For new prunes and new currants, and a few new raisins go to H. W. KELLY'S grocery.

Good clean newspapers wanted. THE GILLARD FURNITURE COMPANY.

Subscribe Now!

[Send it to your friends.]

We will mail

"The Napanee Express"

to any address in Canada from now until 31st Dec. 1920.

Over fourteen months

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

DAIRY MEETINGS!

Eastern Ontario District

The Annual District Dairy Meeting for the Counties of Lennox and Addington will be held in the

TOWN OF SELBY

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1919

AT 7.30 O'CLOCK P.M.

Under the auspices of the Provincial Department of Agriculture and the Dairymen's Association of Eastern Ontario

MR. G. G. PUBLOW, Chief Dairy Instructor for Eastern Ontario and the District Representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, will address the meeting. The local Dairy Instructor will be present and report upon his work during the year. The advantages to be derived from the use of a Pure-bred Sire will be ably dealt with by a speaker furnished by the Department at Toronto.

MR. M. N. EMPEY, Director for the District, will occupy the chair

During the meeting a Director will be nominated to represent the District for the ensuing year.

This will be a very important meeting and every farmer and farmer's son who has the interest of his calling at heart, as well as its monetary success, should not fail to be present.

R. G. LEGGETT, President. T. A. THOMPSON, Secretary.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type he price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

W. G WILSON,
BARRISTER,
Minister, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc
P O Box 620. Telephone No. 88.
OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street
Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, Napanee

A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between Portland and Robert Streets, Napanee. 34tf

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

A Papuan Fishing Net.

Somewhat skeptical concerning a tale he had heard of how the natives of a South Sea island caught fish with a net made of spider's webs, a recent writer has been at some pains to assemble all the evidence he could find and is now convinced that this surprising fishing actually happens. The most explicit account comes from a man who a few years ago spent some time in New Caledonia, where, says he, 'one of the greatest curiosities I noted was the spider-web fishing net. In the forest huge spiders' webs, six feet in diameter, abounded. They were woven in a large mesh, varying from one inch square on the outside of the web to about one-eighth inch at the centre." The web was strong in proportion to its size, and these long canes discovering that it would serve to catch fish, had ingeniously set the spiders to spinning their fishing nets. At the place where the webs were normally thickest, the canny native sets up long bamboo poles bent over to form a loop at one end, and this loop immediately becomes an invitation to any spider that feels inclined to spin a web. The spider sees the pole, goes to work, and presently the loop has been recrossed and recrossed with the meshes of the web, and the Papuan fisherman has his fishing net ready. With these nets the Papuans are able to catch fish of about a pound in weight; and it is their custom for several men to set up poles for the spiders and then go off together for a fishing party with the spider-made equipment.

"Home Districts" of Birds.

Suppose a bird spent the summer in a tree at the end of your garden, migrated in the autumn, and returned again next spring. Would you know him?

Probably not. But it is just possible that he might bear an identification mark in the form of a small ring round his leg. Most ten years ago a scheme by which the migration of birds could be watched was launched, and now some ninety thousand birds have been ringed, each bearing its own special letters and number. Nearly three thousand of these have been identified again at a later period, either at some resort quarter to which they have migrated or on their return to Britain.

One tiny wood-warbler, which was ringed when a fledgling, was discovered twelve months later nesting within two hundred yards of its old quarters. It had probably travelled thousands of miles in the interval. Other ringed birds have been found in Cape Colony, Natal and the Transvaal, and in Scandinavia and Russia.

Birds nearly always have two "home districts," and are faithful in turn to each.—Answers.

—o—

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

LOAN OVER 673 MILLION

Ontario's Total Amounts to 354 Millions.

Toronto Subscribes Twenty Millions More than Montreal—Minister of Finance Surprised at Good Showing, as It Is Much More Than He Expected This Year—Every District in Province Passes Objective.

TORONTO, Nov. 18.—Canada subscribed $673,000,000 to the 1919 Victory Loan. Of this amount Ontario contributed $354,000,000. Toronto beat Montreal by twenty millions. The Queen City subscribed $146,000,000, as compared with Montreal's $126,000,000. Following are the figures for the Dominion by Provinces:

British Columbia, 35 millions.
Alberta, 16 millions.
Saskatchewan, 20 millions.
Manitoba, 40 millions.
Ontario, 354 millions.
New Brunswick, 14 millions.
Nova Scotia, 28 millions.
Prince Edward Island, 3 millions.
Quebec, 161 millions.

It was at an enthusiastic meeting in Massey Hall Monday night that Sir Henry Drayton, Minister of Finance, announced the result of the magnificent campaign. Upon the platform were gathered the leading men of the city, while the hall was packed by the earnest workers in the Victory Loan army. There was a stormy demonstration when the Minister gave out the total for the whole Dominion, which was repeated when the figures for Toronto and Ontario were made known. The greatest interest was shown in the spectacular contest for first place between Montreal and Toronto, and enthusiasm knew no bounds when Sir Henry declared Toronto the victor by twenty millions.

The final figures last year were 695 millions. This year's total of 673 millions will be slightly increased when all the returns are in. The Minister was not expecting any such so much this year, with the war over and patriotic fervor less marked than in the 1918 campaign. Three weeks ago he did not anticipate more than 500 millions, so that he was a very pleased man to-day.

The meeting was like the celebration of a great military victory. It was another Armistice Day on a small scale. The hall was filled by 7.30 and the meeting was under way before eight. The returns were posted on a huge blackboard at the back of the platform, the hall was bedecked with flags and Victory Loan posters, vari-colored paper ribbons were thrown about in all directions by the jubilant workers, balloons floated through the air, rollocking campaign choruses were heard at frequent intervals, there was a fine quartette and Mr. Oldfield, a popular singer, and noise-producing instruments of every description from dinner gongs to cowbells were much in evidence.

The Minister of Finance was given a rousing ovation upon rising to speak. He looked tired after his trip through the West, lasting three weeks, during which time he has made 32 speeches on behalf of the loan. He was delighted to be back in Toronto, his home town. There was no place like Toronto. He was, however, greatly impressed with the West, and paid warm tribute to the Victory Loan workers there.

This is our final wind-up," he said, speaking of the loan, "the final making-good of Canada's pledges, the final chapter of our war effort." He did not speak long. He referred to Canada's war work, the furnishing of men, munitions, food and so on, and said this was our financial clean-up of the war's obligations. One of his striking statements was that "every single private soldier in Canada has gone over its objective this year." The chapter was finished, he said, "but may the book never be closed."

Nobody to Record Votes.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18.—"If another election comes on soon the Dominion Government will find it will have no persons ready to work for it in returning officers, deputies and clerks at which polls may be held."

This statement was made by Wm. Burns, who was chief enumerator for West Ottawa, and later returning officer for the riding in the provincial elections and referendum.

Mr. Burns has been employed by half a thousand indignant deputies, poll clerks and householders, who give up their day or houses to the Government and have received no payment. Not in thirty years have election expenses been held up so long and Mr. Burns has been forced to pay out hundreds of dollars to appease them.

No Further Donations.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Andrew Bonar Law announced in the House of Commons on Monday that the Government had decided to discontinue the unemployment donation to civilians beginning November 21.

The donation will continue for former service men for a month up to the end of March at the rate of twenty shillings weekly to men and fifteen shillings to women, with a maximum period of nine weeks. No supplementary allowances will be given.

During October 470,000 persons received unemployment donations, 100,000 of the number being civilians.

No Big Gold Strike In Yukon.

JUNEA, Alaska, Nov. 18. — With reference to the report from London that a big gold strike in the Yukon according to reports received here, the only recent mining developments on the British side of the Yukon waterway are silver and lead properties in the Stewart River district, sometimes called the Mayo district. There is gold in the Stewart creek, but it is not reported in large quantities.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Hart House was officially opened in Toronto by the Governor-General.

Fred Hansen is standing trial in Toronto for the murder of William Hanson in Toronto.

Circuit Judge Jackson sentenced eleven negroes to the electric chair at Helena, Arkansas.

The Ontario Horticultural Society opened its annual show at the Toronto Exhibition grounds.

Thieves robbed Bridgeburg post office of an unknown amount in cash from registered and general letters.

All Canada remained silent for two minutes, thankfulness for the signing of the armistice one year ago.

The earliest blizzard in fourteen years struck Winnipeg and the West Monday, and was worse than any last year.

The Canadian Council of Agriculture opened its annual session in Winnipeg, with the largest attendance in its history.

The telegraph companies' application for leave to increase their rates 20 per cent. came before the Board of Railway Commissioners.

Sir Thomas Lipton inspected Shamrock IV., which has been in storage for more than four years, and found her in good condition.

Elias Kerteson was fatally and Wm. MacDougall seriously hurt when an elevator belt in the Quebec Oat Co.'s factory at Peterboro broke.

A new telephone cable has been laid between the German and Swedish coasts which will establish communication between Hamburg and Stockholm.

The Germans have started 4 newspapers in Danish in the Flensburg district to further the German cause in the forthcoming plebiscite in North Schleswig.

THURSDAY.

C. A. Magrath is again in charge as Dominion Fuel Controller.

The Quebec Legislature is to be called to meet December 10.

Dr. Robert A. Stevenson, a well-known Toronto physician, is dead.

The Bulgarian Premier has left Sofia for Paris to sign the Peace Treaty.

A marble bust of the Prince of Wales is to be erected in the new Parliament Buildings at Ottawa.

Five dollars a day and board is being offered farm laborers in Jackson, Mich., but without any results.

A handsome building as a Soldiers' Memorial Hall, the first completed in Canada, was opened at Caledon, Ont.

All Canadian officers in Britain observed the two-minutes' silence order issued by King George for Armistice Day.

F. Hanson, charged with the murder of William Hansen in Toronto, is convicted of the lesser crime of manslaughter.

His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire paid a visit to the Ontario Agricultural Show, Toronto, and addressed the Canadian Club at noon-day luncheon.

The women of Port Arthur are trying to get the Government to do something to lower the cost of milk, which is 20c a quart in that city.

R. B. Gray, a Pembroke, Ont., druggist, was fined $1,000, and F. R. Mason, a merchant at Dalla, Alta., $500, for making false returns as to income.

Shortage of cars and locomotives caused a loss of some 2,000 tons in production of coal at Drumheller Mines, Alta., through half a day's idleness.

Mrs. Frank W. Woolworth, widow of the late head of the chain of five and ten cent stores, will receive an income of $440,000 a year from her husband's estate.

The Sinn Fein members of the British House of Commons who were arrested on Monday in the raid on Sinn Fein Parliament, Dublin, were arraigned in the Police Court and were sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

FRIDAY.

The elections in Upper Silesia have gone very decidedly in favor of the Poles.

The Toronto police are searching for an Italian on a charge of murdering a fellow-countryman.

The angora industry in South Africa at present is worth $5,000,000 per annum for its mohair alone.

A plot to release 300 prisoners from Wayne County Jail, Detroit, was prevented by discovery of the plot.

Angus McDonald of Cobalt received the joint nomination of the U.F.O. and I.L.P. for the Federal bye-election in Timiskaming.

Two men have been arrested in connection with an alleged attempt to swindle Toronto jewellers out of diamonds valued at $220,000.

Sir William James Thomas, millionaire coal mine owner and philanthropist, is giving $5,000 to Cardiff Hospital as a thankoffering for the birth of a son.

George Shannon, aged 19, was found dead in the straw in a cattle barn in Augusta township, with a broken rope around his neck. He had been melancholy.

Pte. Sims, a crippled veteran, died as the result of a motor ambulance overturning in Toronto. Several other soldiers were injured. The driver is held on a charge of criminal negligence.

A party of twenty-nine Hungarians are remaining as uninvited guests of the C.P.R. on board an Okanagan Lake steamer, being forbidden by a body of returned soldiers of Kelowna to land there.

Express companies have forbidden their agents at Montreal to accept liquor consignments for Ontario and other Canadian points till a proclamation cancels the prohibition order-in-council.

Wm. E. Johnson, an American prohibition worker, familiarly known as "Pussyfoot," was dragged from a platform in London, Eng., and severely beaten and paraded through two miles of streets on a plank.

SATURDAY.

Canada's net debt shows considerably less increase in October than in September.

The police of Toronto seized more than 2,000 gallons of wine in a downtown district.

President and Madame Poincare have returned to France from their visit to Britain.

Capt. the Rev. A. H. MacGillivray, of St. John's Presbyterian Church, Hamilton, died suddenly.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

There is more energy in a pound of good bread made in the home with Royal Yeast Cakes than in a pound of meat. Bread making is a simple operation and requires no previous experience. Full instructions in Royal Yeast Bake Book, mailed free on request.

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO

Peter Hodson, a farmer of Keppell, near Owen Sound, was killed by a colt he was leading home.

Newspapers were delivered by airplane in Pictou County, N.S., for the first time in Eastern Canada.

The Handley-Page airplane on the way to Chicago from New York descended at Mt. Jewell, Pa., owing to cold.

Geo. N. Bennett, a Belleville travelling salesman, died suddenly at a hunting camp some distance from Brinklow Station.

The Celtic Cross erected in memory of Cork soldiers killed in the Boer war has been badly damaged by Sinn Feiners.

The Canadian General Electric Co. admitted to the Board of Commerce that its policy was to crush all competition.

Archibald Yuill, of Burnstown, a former member of Renfrew County Council, suddenly died in the woods while hunting deer.

A new Federal Franchise Act is, according to present intention, to be introduced at next session of Parliament, not based on provincial lists as heretofore.

A carload of flax sold in Winnipeg brought $8,332, the most valuable car of grain ever sold in that city. It was sold to the British Government at $4.25 per bushel.

Henry Ford is defendant in a suit for $100,000 damages for injuries claimed to have been suffered in a Ford auto while following the elections in Michigan last March.

A flag of the Irish Republic was removed from the automobile of Eamonn de Valera, leader of the Irish Independence party, in Portland, Oregon, by request of a party of former service men, headed by Ensign A. T. Kurtz.

SUNDAY.

A new bridge is projected over the Niagara river, near Welland.

McGill University beat University of Toronto at football, 21 to 1.

Simcoe Street Methodist Church, Oshawa, was practically destroyed by fire.

Women may now sit on the Synodical Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church.

A woman, a Ukrainian, aged 26, was buried and suffocated in the Holinger mine.

It is stated that the epidemic of smallpox had at last received a material check.

The Labor party refused to consider changing its name to that of the "People's party."

The 125th anniversary of Lundy's Lane Methodist Church was celebrated by special services.

A slight downward trend in the cost of living is reported by the Labor Gazette for September.

Mrs. M. Godette, of Quebec, poured methylated spirits on her kitchen fire, and was fatally burned.

Martial law has been declared in Batum, on the Black Sea, where British troops are maintaining order.

The total elections in the Isle of Man for the House of Keys show the return of five Labor members.

Canadian Red Cross Lodge, in the Dominion Orthopedic Hospital, Toronto, was opened to the soldiers yesterday afternoon.

Crawford Seamieson, for twenty-one years a resident of Toronto, where he was chief inland revenue officer, died at Brockville.

Returns of the Belgian elections show large gains by the Socialists at the expense of the Roman Catholic and Liberal parties.

The Russian Soviet Government is trying to get in touch with the Japanese in Russia to negotiate on outstanding questions.

TUESDAY.

Eight German sailors have been arrested at Stockholm for burglary.

The last of the Imperial troops to leave Siberia arrived at Vancouver on the Monteagle.

Premier Drury told Political Economy Club that blind partyism was Canada's national sin.

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ALL HOPE IS GIVEN UP

No Tidings of Missing Steamer Owen.

Tugs Find No Trace of the Bodies But Pick Up Wreckage—Vessels Are Still Searching Waters of Lake Superior Off Manitou Island.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Nov. 18.—The passage of the steamer Griffin through the locks here early Sunday morning and a wireless despatch from the steamer Westmount at 1 p.m. that she was passing wreckage twenty miles southwest of Caribou Islands in American waters are the developments which brought relief to the friends of the crew of the Griffin and plunged the relatives of the crew of the steamer Owen into deeper misery.

Included in the wreckage was a cabin painted white. "Identification could not be made," said the wireless. There is still a faint possibility that the missing steamer may not have been the Owen. However, no word has been received here in any way from the Owen, and her cabin was painted white, so the general opinion is that the outlook looks gloomy for the vessel and her crew of twenty-two men. Of the dozen other lake ships locking down since Saturday not one has seen any evidence of the missing steamer.

The tugs Iowa and Alabama are leaving here in search of the waters of Lake Superior between Grand Marais, Keweenaw Point and the Caribou Islands.

The Griffin, together with the Rensselaer, spent the storm period in the shelter of Apostle Islands, according to Capt. Gelzer, owner of the Griffin. None of the sheltered vessels was equipped with wireless, and it was not possible to get word from its location to the owners or to other vessels.

The storm has completely subsided, although a heavy snow fell Sunday, so blurring vision that it was necessary to keep fog whistles blowing.

Coastguards' launches from Eagle Harbor, returning Sunday from a search of Lake Superior off Manitou Island, report traces of the lost steamer Owen. The tugs from the Soo which left Sunday evening to take up the search have not reported yet.

Members of Owen's Crew.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 17.—The crew of the missing lake steamer John Owen, when she arrived at this port on her last trip, was made up as follows:

Geo. E. Benham, captain, Cleveland; Ira J. Falconer, chief engineer, Cleveland; Alfred Peterson, second, Cleveland; John L. Forschner, second engineer, Cleveland; W. J. Riley, third engineer, Cleveland; Horace Fisher, mate, Cleveland; D. R. Evans, second mate, St. Joseph, Mich.; John Jarrow, wheelsman, Chicago; Hugh Kilborn, wheelsman, Washington, D.C.; Harold Mack, watchman, Buffalo; Edward Bolger, deckhand, Buffalo; Charles Norman, deckhand, Buffalo; David Larsen, fireman, Hamilton, Ont.; John Kuloras, fireman, Buffalo; Joseph Brody, fireman, Chateauguay, Que.; Harry Halloran, coal passer, Gilbert, Minn.; Oren Wilkey, coal passer, Ladysmith, Wis.; Patrick Murray, coal passer, Waterloo, Iowa; Magna Peterson, steward, Sweden; Mrs. Magna Peterson, stewardess, Sweden.

FAMINE AND CRIME.

Food Conditions In Petrograd Do Not Deter Carnivals.

HELSINGFORS, Nov. 18. — Gen. Yudenitch has resigned the position of commander-in-chief of the army of the Northwest Government. His resignation has nothing to do with the failure of the offensive against Petrograd, but was to avoid internecine strife between the generals.

Yudenitch's army is undismayed, and it looks forward to a winter campaign confident of success. A good deal of the failure is that the spirits of the Russian troops evaporated high throughout the retreat. Altogether, Yudenitch has lost four thousand killed and wounded, but inflicted a loss of six thousand killed and wounded, took more than 10,000 prisoners, from whom he formed two new divisions, bringing the total number of his forces to twenty-four thousand men. Also at the beginning of the offensive it was only twenty thousand.

Heavy losses of ammunition have been made good, and the French are supplying him with artillery. The conduct of the Esthonians, messages state, was unspeakable. Russian stores have been plundered, and a party of Russians on crossing the border were fired on by Esthonians killing and wounding eleven.

The position of food supplies in Petrograd is said to be more acute than ever. Nevertheless, no lack of confidence is placed, say that flesh of uncertain origin, but believed to be human, is being sold for five hundred roubles a pound.

A French refugee confirms the report that the Commissaries live luxuriously in their mansions, covered with furs and diamonds, hold frequent musical soirees, where Chaliapin sings, thus disposing of the tale of his death. A prominent street feature is a Bolshevist women's battalion in dark blue uniforms.

Over-looking the anniversary of the Red revolution, processions were organized in the empty streets, and efforts perverted to participate, received a small white ball. During the night preceding the 11th the terror was specially tense, owing to midnight searches for wives and children of officers, who had fled to Yudenitch.

That middlemen's profits on some lines of boots and shoes were excessive, was the opinion of members of the Board of Commerce, in session in Toronto Saturday.

Dutch to Enter League.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 18.—Jonkheer Van Karnebeek, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has announced in the Chamber that Holland intends to enter the League of Nations immediately ratification of the Peace Treaty is concluded.

Would Use Nickel for Coins.

MANCHESTER, Eng., Nov. 18.—The Manchester Chamber of Commerce desires a nickel coinage. The members are of opinion that it is advisable to employ nickel instead of silver for all new coins between the shilling and penny.

Use only three level teaspoonfuls for five cups

REDROSE TEA is good tea

Sold only in sealed packages

125

COAL COMMANDEERED

No More Coal to Be Exported From Canada

Coal Shipments to the United States Prevented Unless Under Permission of the Fuel Controller — Shipments to Provinces Will Also Be Stopped.

TORONTO, Nov. 18. — Seizure of all bituminous coal in Ontario, either in transit or in storage, has been made by Mr. H. A. Harrington, Provincial Fuel Administrator, under an order which he issued on Saturday night, shortly after he had been notified from Ottawa that the Canadian Trade Commission had instructed customs officials that an embargo had been placed on all coal shipments from Canada. This action comes as a result of the strike of bituminous coal miners in the United States, and is taken to protect public utilities and essential industries, at the request of the federal authorities.

The order of the Fuel Administrator forbids any coal dealer, either wholesale or retail, to deliver to any person bituminous coal without first securing written consent from his office. It does not apply to coal now in transit or in storage for use in public utilities, hospitals, food manufactories or newspaper publishing plants, nor does it prevent deliveries of coal to domestic users.

The embargo put into force by the Canadian Trade Commission, which is co-operating with the Dominion Fuel Controller, effectually prevents shipment of coal to the United States without permission, and the order of the Provincial Administrator will stop any shipments to other provinces. Mr. Harrington explained that he does not desire to in any way interfere with as much coal coming into Ontario as possible, but the steps taken are to give even protection to the essential industries.

Export of coal from Canada to all destinations has been prohibited, except under license issued upon the recommendation of the Canadian Trade Commission.

Exportation of coal to Europe will cease immediately. As the prohibition includes coal for all purposes, licenses will have to be obtained in the usual way for buker coal. In the case of coal already sold for export the Canadian Trade Commission announces that consideration will be given application for licenses by telegraph.

Need of Economy In Canada.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18.—According to advices received here, only the utmost economy of the Dominion coal reserves in Canada will enable the various industries dependent upon that fuel to keep going this winter. Production of bituminous coal in the United States will not be normal for a month, and perhaps longer, and many mines are refusing to return to work.

The bituminous coal received by Canada from April 1 to October 31 this year was 8,600,000 tons, only 70 per cent. of the amount received in the same period last year. More than that, not a single ton has come since November 1. To supply needs in Western Canada from Regina east only 1,400,000 tons came in through the Great Lake terminals at Fort William from mines in the eastern United States, against 4,560,000 tons the previous year and 2,320,000 tons in 1917.

The Dominion Government will only permit exports to the United States in the same proportion as the United States lets bituminous enter central Canada. Coal will be allowed to bunker at Canadian ports to encourage the Dominion foreign trade.

PRINCE BEATS INSTRUCTOR.

Turns Somesault Into Water From Platform Twelve Feet High.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., Nov. 18.—The Prince of Wales spent the first of his three days of rest here Saturday by walking ten miles, spending an hour in a swimming pool, golfing three hours, and dancing for three more. At the conclusion of this program he seemed to have recovered considerably from the fatigue of his strenuous four-day visit to Washington.

The prince won his golfing match, played with Sir Godfrey Baring, his private secretary, and again proved his title as an athlete when he turned a somersault from a platform twelve feet high into seven feet of water in the swimming pool.

The desire of the royal visitor for three days of relaxation was only fulfilled partially. The whole population of this little mountain resort was at the railroad station when the special train arrived, but the news of his intended visit had been kept carefully enough, so that only a handful saw him when he passed.

At the mammoth hotel where the prince was lodged there were scarcely 1,000 guests, and throughout the day the prince was able to move about with the freedom of a private individual.

The visit to the swimming pool was made after the prince had spent the morning tramping over the Appalachian Mountains. Practically unrecognized, the royal father laughingly challenged the professional swimmer in charge of the pool to a diving contest, and, according to the professional, beat him at his own game.

The afternoon was spent in golf, and in the evening the prince witnessed a movie given in the hotel. He danced afterward until midnight.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, Nov. 18.—Quotations on the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:—

Manitoba Wheat (In Store Fort William).
No. 1 northern, $2.30.
No. 2 northern, $2.27.
No. 3 northern, $2.23.

Manitoba Oats (in Store Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 86c.
No. 3 C.W., 84½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 84c.
No. 1 feed, 81½c.
No. 2 feed, 79½c.

Manitoba Barley (in Store Ft. William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.50¾.
Rejected, $1.33¾.
Feed, $1.33¾.

American Corn (Prompt Shipment).
No. 2 yellow, $1.75, track, Toronto.
No. 3 yellow, $1.74, track, Toronto.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, 82c to 83c.

Ontario Wheat (f.o.b., Shipping Points, According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2 to $2.06.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.97 to $2.02.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, $1.93 to $1.99.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.08.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, $1.99 to $2.05.
No. 3 spring, per car lot, $1.95 to $2.01.

Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $2.50.

Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, $1.47 to $1.50.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $1.32 to $1.34.

Manitoba Flour (Toronto), Government standard, $11.

Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment), Government standard, $9.50 to $9.60, in jute bags, Montreal; $9.50 to $9.60, in jute bags, Toronto.

Milfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, $32.
Shorts, per ton, $52.
Good feed flour, per bag, $2.15 to $3.50.

Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $25 to $26.
Mixed, per ton, $23 to $24.

Straw (Track, Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $12 to $13.

Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—No. 2, per bushel, nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 1, per bushel, nominal.
Barley—Malting, $1.50 per bushel.
Oats—86c to 87c per bushel.
Buckwheat—$1.30 per bushel.
Rye—According to sample, nominal.
Peas—According to sample, nominal.
Hay—Timothy, $25 to $30 per ton; new, $20 to $22 per ton; mixed and clover, $22 to $24 per ton.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co., Standard Bank building, report the following prices on the Chicago board of trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close	Prev. Close.
Corn—					
May	123½	125¾	123¾	134½	123¾
Jan.	122	123¾	122½	134½	123
Dec.	127¼	128¾	126¾	134½	127¾
Oats—					
May	74¾	75¾	74¾	75¼	74¾
Dec.	71¾	72	71¾	72¾	71¾
Pork—					
May				a33.00	32.40
Jan.	33.77	33.87	33.70	33.70	33.75
Lard—					
Nov.	25.80	25.80	25.45	25.45	25.85
Jan.	23.90	24.05	23.66	23.66	23.90
Ribs—					
May	18.05	18.15	18.05	18.05	18.05
Jan.	18.30	18.43	18.32	18.45	18.35

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Nov. 18. — With over 700 cattle on sale yesterday at the Union Yards, the market was very dull, and prices were easy for all classes, and prices generally higher. The biggest advance in prices was shown on the good cattle, that is, the heavyweight, steers and the best of the good to choice finished steers and heifers.

Taken all round, and in view of the big runs of inferior cattle we have been getting the market has stood up remarkably well, and only indicates the strength of the great outlets and immense capacities of the local packing plants. While a certain number of cattle were left over yesterday, there was a pretty fair clean-up.

With a run of 7916 sheep and lambs, the market for lambs was steady to strong with last week's prices, the bulk of the sales going at around $15 to $15½, with extra choice lambs at 14c, and a trifle better. Sheep held steady, the best sheep selling at from 5¾c to 8c; heavy sheep, 7c to 7¾c.

Choice veal calves sold up around from 17½c to 19c; medium calves, 14c to 15c; heavy and common at 5¾c to 7c per lb.

The hog market held steady at last week's quotations, but for today's loading the buyers for the local plants are planning a sharp decline, at 15½c f.o.b., 16¾c fed and watered, and 15¾c weighed off cars.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Hogs, receipts 34,000; active, 25c to 35c higher; to $14.85; bulk, $14.40 to $14.80; heavy, $14.35 to $14.80; medium, $14.40 to $14.85; light, $14.40 to $14.80; light light, $14.25 to $14.75; heavy packing sows, smooth, $13.75 to $14.25; packing sows, rough, $13.50 to $13.65; pigs, $14.25 to $15.

Cattle, receipts 34,000; weak; beef steers, medium and heavyweight, choice and prime, $18.40 to $20.50; medium and good, $11.25 to $18.40; common, $8.50 to $11.25; lightweight, good and choice, $14.75 to $20; common and medium, $8 to $14.75; butcher cattle, heifers, $5.50 to $15; cows, $6.75 to $13.50; canners and cutters $5.75 to $6.75; veal calves, $18 to $19. Stocker steers, $6.25 to $10.25; western range steers, $7.15 to $13.75; cows and heifers, $6.50 to $12.

Sheep, receipts 37,000; mostly 25c lower; top, $14.75; bulk, $14.25 to $14.65; choice and common, $8.50 to $12; ewes, medium, good and choice, $6 to $9.50; culls and common, $3 to $6.75; breeding, $6.50 to $11.75.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Nov. 17.—Cattle, receipts 6,700; heavy, 25c lower; others strong. Prime steers, $16 to $16.75; shipping steers, $15 to $16; butchers, $10 to $15; yearlings, $14 to $15.50; heifers, $6 to $11.50; cows, $4.50 to $10.50, bulls, $6 to $11; stockers and feeders $6 to $10.25; fresh cows and springers, $35 to $175.

Calves, receipts 1,700; 50c higher; $5 to $20.50.

Hogs, receipts 15,200; steady to 10c higher; heavy, $15 to $15.15; mixed and yorkers, $15 to $15.10; light do and pigs, $15 to $15.25; roughs, $13 to $13.25; stags, $8 to $11.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 16,000; lambs, 25c lower; lambs, $8 to $14.25; yearlings, $7 to $10.50; wethers, $3 to $9.50; ewes, $3 to $8; mixed sheep, $8.25 to $8.75.

SUNLIGHT IN THE NIGHT HOURS

EFFICIENT factory lighting is of greater importance now than ever before. The high price of material and the pay of factory workers are such that spoilage and wasted effort must be reduced to a minimum.

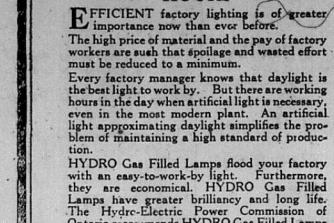
Every factory manager knows that daylight is the best light to work by. But there are working hours in the day when artificial light is necessary, even in the most modern plant. An artificial light approximating daylight simplifies the problem of maintaining a high standard of production.

HYDRO Gas Filled Lamps flood your factory with an easy-to-work-by light. Furthermore, they are economical. HYDRO Gas Filled Lamps have greater brilliancy and long life. The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario recommends HYDRO Gas Filled Lamps for factory lighting.

We will gladly demonstrate their great brilliancy and low current consumption at the Hydro Shop. Call at your convenience.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

FOR SALE BY
HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
HYDRO SHOP
ASK THE HYDRO MAN



The African Elephants

Are to be Exterminated

To Protect the Settlers

IF the settlers near Port Elizabeth, Cape of Good Hope province, Africa, had not taken to establishing wonderful irrigation ditches and farms at this point, the elephants of Addo Bush still might look forward to attaining a ripe old age, say a hundred years or so, before they buried themselves quietly beneath the ooze of a tropical forest and went to the heaven of all good elephants.

But as it is, one of the greatest elephant hunts of modern times is about to be staged in Addo Bush, and unless Providence, in the shape of an imperial mandate from the British Empire or some similarly august proclamation, intercedes, my lord the elephant will roam no more in the forests of South Africa.

Civilization has crept up and around and about in Cape of Good Hope province until now it has made its last demand upon the wilds, and that demand is that the wild elephant shall be exterminated. The Provincial council has listened to the demand at last and has decreed that the Addo Bush elephants must go.

Strolling out of his forest in Addo Bush, where for years he has dwelt in freedom under the protection of the British Government, the big fellow has discovered the pleasing works of the settlers.

In the first place, there were delightful mud and water baths in long rows in every direction.

Now, an elephant likes bathing as well as any human being, and he loves wallowing in the mud. Naturally, on discovering the splendid series of baths which the diligent settlers had opened for irrigation ditches, the herd of elephants residing in Addo Bush took advantage of the find.

They bathed in the irrigation ditches and wallowed in the soft mud, and incidentally they broke down the dams, in the construction of which the settlers had toiled for many weary weeks. After they had gone back to the forests the settlers crept out from their homes and looked ruefully at the damage. It was a case of rebuilding dams and redigging ditches many, many times.

But this isn't all the fun that the elephants of Addo Bush have had with the settlers.

When by dint of faithful tending, weeding and watering their crops the settlers were beginning to dream of a big harvest and a fortune, the elephant they were likely to awake some fine morning to find that somebody had been in the melon patch.

And it wasn't a boy or a pack of boys who could be scared off by an irate farmer.

It was My Lord the Elephant, who was romping and raging about over the green patch which had cost so many patient hours, scrunching up the delicious fruit which was to have been gathered that very day, perhaps, for transfer to the port and then to a hungry Europe.

An elephant can get away with a lot of fruits of all sorts. He also likes green vegetables of any kind. He is very adaptable when it comes to diet. The great creatures even like berries of ordinary size and will most painstakingly devour several tons of them in their patient determination to get a full meal at any cost of time and trouble.

So that is what the South African farmer had against the elephants of Addo Bush. They had a protected herd, between one hundred and two hundred in number, and they have long occupied a forest reserve of about six thousand acres in the heart of the bush, a district that until comparatively recent years was regarded as worthless for farming ends. It was mostly scrub land, waterless and not fenced off. The farms that were developed there seemed of little value. But recently irrigation from Sunday's River has greatly increased the fertility of the farms, and this development has increased the losses suffered by the settlers from the depredations of their gigantic neighbors and has aroused them to a determination to win the consent of the Government to their destruction.

A committee which investigated the matter found that it would take thirteen miles of fencing to enclose the elephant's preserve and that this would not solve the problem. They would have to be provided with water, as there would not be sufficient within the fenced area, and it

Wilson's Hardware Store

It's Time to Think of Xmas!

Why not give something USEFUL as well as BEAUTIFUL?

Here are a few suggestions.

PYREX OVENWARE

Casseroles, pie plates, bread dishes, cake dishes, custard cups, etc.

ALUMINUM WARE

in Coffee Percolators, Teapots, etc.

ELECTRICAL GOODS

Toasters, Irons, Heat-Ray Heaters, etc., also Flashlights, Pocket Knives, Cutlery.

D. B. WILSON

(Successor to John Fennell)
'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee
63-1 m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 29

JOHN T GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

The Coal Question!

Notice to our Customers

The price of coal will advance at the mines at least 50c. per ton at the rate of 10c. per month beginning May 1st next.

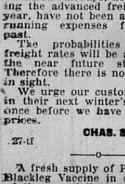
Both the United States and Canadian railways, notwithstanding the advanced freight of last year, have not been able to meet running expenses for months past.

The probabilities are that freight rates will be advanced in the near future still higher. Therefore there is no cheap coal in sight.

We urge our customers to lay in their next winter's supply at once before we have to advance prices.

CHAS. STEVENS.
27-tf

A fresh supply of Parke Davis' Blackleg Vaccine in sealed vials of 5in. one dollar per vial, at WALLACE'S Drug Store.



Use Sweet Milk—Sour Milk Buttermilk or water with

EGG-O Baking Powder

Egg-O Baking Powder Co., Limited
Hamilton, Canada
84

Ontario Business College, Limited.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.
(52nd Year)

Famed throughout Canada, the United States, the West Indies and in South America for its thorough business training and the success of its thousands of graduates. The College publishes the three standard commercial text-books by J. W. Johnson, F.C.A. Write for the free descriptive catalogue.

I. L. MOORE, Principal.
42-13t

PHOTOS **Amateurs Attention** Picture Framing

Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED by a Practical Photographer, at

THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.

ENLARGING COPYING

NEW GARAGE!

Repairing and Painting all Makes of Cars

Independent of any special car.

Gasolene, Oils, Tires, Etc., always on hand.

DAY and NIGHT SERVICE.

Your patronage solicited.

J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.
Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

BEANS! BEANS! BEANS!

St. C. Ellis wants all your White Beans. Must be hand-picked and clean. Bring in samples and get prices. 17-tf

Boyes' Grocery.

Try us for Breakfast Foods of all kinds. Also fruits in season. Fancy cakes of all kinds and choice line of candies. Bacon and cooked ham.

G. W. BOYES,
'Phone 236. John Street.

Notice to Returned Soldiers.

Doctor T. W. Simpson, of Napanee has been appointed Medical Officer for this district by the Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Commission. All returned men in this district are entitled to free medical treatment for one year from date of their discharge, provided they report to Doctor Simpson in case of illness. 51-b

WE WANT TO BUY YOUR NEW LAID EGGS

Chickens, Fowls, Ducks, Geese, Turkeys. Either live or dressed. Write us for our weekly price list and advise what you have to offer. We quote you direct.

SPECIAL PRICES for Fancy Quality.

GUNN, LANGLOIS & CO.
LIMITED
Montreal, Que.
50c

YOUR BOOTS

May need New Soles or some Repairing.

Rough weather may be expected soon and new soles on your boots will be necessary for your comfort and health.

We can promise you the best of workmanship.

F. P. TENDALL,
O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

9.30—Morning class.
10.30—Regular service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Regular service.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting.
Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer and Praise service.
Thursday 7.00—Three C's meet
Thursday, 8.00—Brotherhood meets.
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

Practical Xmas Gifts.

Are always appreciated. Why not give something in electrical goods, or the beautiful and useful Pyrex ovenware? For sale at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

Notice.

The Richmond Farmer's Co-operative Association will ship hogs and calfs on Monday, Nov. 24th. Highest market price.

S. C. S. McKIM,
Manager.

Robindale Farmers

We have a car of bran and shorts ordered. Give your order at once. Also corn. We want your order before buying. We'll supply all comers.

R. H. PAUL,
51-b Manager.

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship hogs on Saturday, Nov. 22nd. Will pay highest market price for hogs weighing 160 lbs. or over. $4.00 off for sows. Call us before selling.

J. W. HAMBLY,
G. H. WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.

The ladies of St. Mary Magdalene Church are holding their annual Pound Social on Thursday, Nov. 27th. Lantern slides, good programme; also refreshments. Everybody welcome, so come along and bring pounds and help swell the bale for the Indian School Xmas dinner.

Notice to Camera Owners

Developing, Printing and Enlarging. Expert work guaranteed. I am not an amateur. No need of sending your work out of town when you can have it done better and more promptly here. Regular prices. Use our films for good results. Cameras for sale. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive every attention. Office on John street, next door to Shepherd's grocery.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman

Wanted.

The Children's Aid Society of the County of Lennox and Addington are in urgent need of various articles of clothing and boots for a number of children, boys and girls, from the ages of ten months to twelve years. Any person having suitable articles to donate kindly communicate with F. W. Barrett, Chief Constable, Napanee. 49-b

The Musical and Literary Society

The first regular meeting of the season will be held in the town hall on Tuesday evening, Nov. 25th, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "The Literature and Music of the British Isles." Mrs. Grant and Miss Grant, of Belleville, will assist. A very attractive schedule has been presented for this year's meetings, and the Society takes this opportunity of cordially inviting the public to become members. Membership fee, $1.00. Tickets may be obtained from any member of the Board.

Wedding.

A quiet wedding took place at the home of Mr. O. S. Davis, South Napanee, on Wednesday, Nov. 12th, 1919, when his youngest daughter, Olive L., was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Harold E. Denison. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. P. Rogers, B. A., of Grace Church. After the ceremony a dainty lunch was served after which the bride and groom took the train for Toronto and other western cities. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Denison will reside in Napanee.

Smith-Mills Wedding.

On the evening of November 19th, at nineteen minutes past nine, the wedding of Dr. Harold Smith and Miss Carmen Mills, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Mills, was solemnized in Trinity church, in the presence of the immediate families of the contracting parties. Immediately following the ceremony the party repaired to the home of the bride's parents where a wedding dinner was served. The happy couple left on the midnight train for Cleveland, Ohio, amid showers of confetti and good wishes, to spend the honeymon with the bride's brother, Mr. Geo. C. Mills.

Try the new Black Tea called the Lanka. You see is advertised in all the daily papers—75c per lb. H. W. KELLY.

The Curling Club.

The annual meeting of the Curling Club took place at the rink on Monday evening. A large number were present and much enthusiasm was evinced over the prospects of a good winter's sport at the rink. A bonspiel will be held the last of January and early in February in which several rinks from Kingston, Belleville, and Picton will participate. It is expected that a large number of new curlers will be in the game this season. An afternoon and evening schedule will be arranged to suit the fancy of the members. Following are the officers:

President.—M. P. Graham.
Vice-Pres.—E. J. Corkill.
Sec'y.—R. A. Leonard.
Treas.—C. I. Maybee.
Executive Committee—W. A. Daly, W. C. Smith, P. C. Killorin, R. H. Travers, G. P. Carr, H. Daly, M. Taylor, J. L. Boyes.
Ice Committee—C. I. Maybee, W. C. Smith, J. H. S. Derry, J. C. McLeod, P. C. Killorin.

Now for good coffee. Go to H. W. KELLY'S, he has the best in the market for the same money, and it is the same blend John Paisley always kept.

When Your Clothes need

Pressing Cleaning or Repairing

LET US DO THEM

You will be pleased with our work.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:
8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.
Wednesday, 7.30 p. m.—Meeting for study and prayer for the A. F. M.
Thursday, 7.30—W. A. Pound Social.

Farmers, Notice!

Bring your hickory nuts and white beans to H. W. KELLY. He will pay you the highest market price.

Poultry Wanted.

M. B. MILLS will buy your Chickens and Fowls. Must be starved over night. Poor stuff not wanted. Shop near Gleeson's coal yard. 50-b

Aladdin Lamps.

Brighten your home with a new Aladdin Lamp. Two styles, hanging lamp, price $12.50; and parlor table lamp, price $11.00. Orders received at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee; or by mail. For sale by

FRED RUSSELL,
49-c Selby.

Card of Thanks.

Having disposed of my grocery business I take this opportunity of thanking my customers for their liberal patronage. Also request them to continue their trade with the Thompson Bros., who will do all in their power to give their best service to their customers—lowest prices possible.

ALEXANDER DENISON

Cross Cut Saws and Axes at DAVY'S Hardware.

Poultry Days.

The Poultry Fair at Napanee on Wednesday and Thursday, November 26th and 27th, will be as big an event as usual. Already the largest buyers of poultry have signified their intention of buying poultry at Napanee on the fair dates. The firms who have already notified the town clerk that they will be here are:

P. Poulin & Co.
Swift Canadian Co.
White Packing Co.
Wm. Davies Co.
Harris Abbatoir Co.

Bring your can for Separator Oil—25c. quart at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

SUNDAY, NOV. 23rd

9.45 a.m.—Class meeting.
10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00 p. m.—Evening service. The pastor will preach at both services.
Tuesday, 6.45 p.m.—C.S.E.T.
Wednesday 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday, 6.45—C.G.I.T.
Thursday, 8.00 p.m.—Choir practice.

Britain Scraps Old Navy.

The Admiralty, says the London Telegraph, is going to dispose of about 160 men-of-war of various types as soon as the arrangements for their sale can be completed, and others also are marked down for the scrap heap at early dates. For the old Victorian navy is passing—the men-of-war which figured in the great reviews at Spithead in 1887, 1897 and 1902, and those other vessels which were accustomed to fly the British flag in the outer seas before, in preparation for Armageddon, we began to call home the distant squadrons and concentrate our power for the duel with Germany.

It is about fifteen years since Lord Fisher, then recently appointed First Sea Lord, enunciated the principle that a ship which had small chance of fighting successfully against fair odds or of running away from an overwhelmingly superior opponent, should be done away with. They were death traps for the officers and men; they might lower our prestige in war; and they involved heavy annual charges in peace for upkeep. For you cannot keep an old ship without a yearly bill for repairs, and even a skeleton crew costs money. Scores of admirals and captains on the wrong side of the meridian of life shook their heads when it was announced that a number of these obsolete ships were about to be broken up. Now, after the war, we can all be wise, and it is realised that the defect of the policy was that it was not carried out with sufficient ruthlessness; many ships were retained in deference to uninstructed opinion.

Mining Work In the Rockies.

The gross value of British Columbia's mineral production for the year 1918 was $41,782,474, an increase from that of the year 1917 of $4,772,082, or 12.9 per cent., according to the annual report of the Minister of Mines. The gross value of the metallic minerals recovered in 1918 was $37,110,376, which represents an increase of 2.3 per cent. The provincial mineralogist, Mr. Fleet Robertson, in commenting on these figures, states that only once in the history of the province's mineral statistics has this output been exceeded, and that was in 1916, when the year's mineral output amounted to $42,290,462, only 1.2 per cent. greater than in 1918. This is accounted for by the fact that 1916 was a phenomenal year with metal prices temporarily inflated, due to war conditions.

As compared with earlier years, he points out that the production of 1918 shows up even more favorably, for it exceeds the next highest recorded production — $32,440,800, made in 1912 — by $9,341,674, or about 29 per cent.

The Sixpenny Wire.

An amusing story is told by Lord Eversley, who has just celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday, and who, as Postmaster-General, was responsible for the carrying through of the act establishing sixpenny telegrams in 1884.

In the early days many of the country folk were fond of watching the newly-erected wires, and one old lady who had been specially diligent in her vigilance was overheard remarking:—

"Wal, that's a rum 'un! I can hear them eer wires a-hummin', but I ain't seen one of them eer yellow envelopes come up yet!"

Fire In Coal Pits.

To extinguish fires in coal piles an inventor has patented a pointed pipe that can be driven into the coal and connected to hose to convey water to the desired place.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

VICTORY THEATRE

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21st

The eminent Japanese Actor, SESSUE HAYAKAWA in that strong dramatic feature, "HONOR OF HIS HOUSE."

Big Christie Comedy, full of giggles, "SOMEBODY'S BABY."

Prices: 11c. and 6c.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22nd

MARY PICKFORD starring the wonderful story of the western mountain country and of the hill people, "M'LISS." This feature shows Miss Pickford at her best and in every foot of film there is an intense interest of the sort that holds your closest attention.

Prices: 11c. and 6c.

Please note reduction of price on this feature.

Big Spectacular Special — One Night Only.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24th

"THE HUN WITHIN"

With DOROTHY GISH, GEORGE FAWCETT, DOUGLAS McLEAN and a special star cast.

This is a story of spies, German intrigue and love. Thrilling scenes abound in every yard of film. Every inch is gripping and full of tense situations.

This story played 314 consecutive nights in New York, 284 nights in Chicago, and 3 months in Detroit.

See the transport loaded with troops bound for France, at the time of the explosion. See the volcano of water thrown 100 feet in the air. Note the miraculous escape from death when the secret service man is thrown over the cliff into the river. These are just a few of the hundreds of thrilling scenes.

As a diversion we'll offer the big Paramount Flag Comedy, "ROMANCE AND BRASS TACKS."

Prices for this night are 25c and 15c.

FOR SALE

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation have listed with me the properties of the late Uriah Wilson and John Wilson for sale. For prices and terms of sale apply to U. E. WILSON, Solicitor, Agent, Napanee, Ont. 39tf

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the Following Goods:

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop Barley Feed, Cracked Corn. Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,
NAPANEE, ONT. 50-tf

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

New Store on Dundas St.,
Next to Miller's Livery.

FULL STOCK OF

Flour, Bran, Shorts, Oil Cake, Hog Feed, Feed Flour, etc.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
10tf

Special

Fresh caught White Fish, 20 cents per pound.

E. R. TODD
Market Meat Shop.

Grocery Business

Having taken over the business of Mr. Theo. Windover, on the Market, I am prepared to meet the demands of the public in a full line of groceries of superior quality. A liberal patronage is solicited. Business conducted on Cash System.

ALEX. DENISON

Why not give the bride PYREX, the up-to-date transparent oven ware for baking and serving. A complete line in stock at Wilson's Hardware Store.

WONDERLAND

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

MUNROE SALISBURY and RUTH CLIFFORD, in "THE MILLIONAIRE PIRATE." Also two reel Mack Sennett Comedy.

MONDAY

NORMA TALMADGE in a six reel special feature, "THE FORBIDDEN CITY."

TUESDAY

MARY MacLAREN in "THE UNPAINTED WOMAN" in six parts.

WEDNESDAY

Wm. Fox presents GLADYS BROCKWELL in her new triumph "THE SNEAK." Passion, romance, jealousy, adventure, revenge—you'll get them all in this picture.

THURSDAY

World Pictures present the beautiful EVELYN GREELY in "PHIL FOR SHORT."

Orchestra Wednesday Night.
REGULAR ADMISSION, 6c & 11c.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming
Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand
Centre Street, Napanee
Phone—Office 80, Residence 145.
8tf

Go to M. Taylor

For wrist watches, pocket watches, Onyx, Pearl, signet and diamond rings, cuff links, necklets, and all kinds of jewelery. wedding rings wedding and shower presents. A full line of 1847 Rodgers cutlery always on hand. Marriage Licenses issued Personal attention to all watch repairing.

RECONSTRUCTION

is a word that has been mis-used for many purposes, but it can be properly apllied to our business, we are

SPECIALISTS
—in—
BUILDING and RECONSTRUCTION

and prepare plans and sketches and advise you on any class of Building Work.

Large Stocks of LUMBER, Lath, Shingles, Asphalt, Brantford, and other Roofings, Beaver Board, Wall Board Sheating Paper, etc.

METALLIC ROOFING

Company's products, Garages, Steel Shingles, Corrugated Sheets of highest quality.

Let me quote you on a Steel Barn or any other construction work.

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
45tf

TURKEY WEEK SALE

Save 10 per Cent.

on every dollar's worth bought here on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Turkey Days.

Men's Underwear, reg. $2.25	for $2.00
Men's Underwear, reg. $2.00	for $1.70
Ladies' Underwear, reg. $5.00	for $3.50
Ladies' Underwear, reg. $2.25	for $2.00
Ladies' Underwear, reg. $2.00	for $1.75
Ladies' Underwear, reg. $1.25	for $1.00
Men's Overcoats, from	$15.00 up
Men's Sweater Coats, from	$2.00 up
Ladies' Sweater Coats, from	$2.00 up
Children's Scarf-Caps, from	15c. up
Children's Teddy Bear Suits, reg. $5.00	for $3.50
Prints, reg. 30c	for 20c.
Flannel, reg. 35c	for 25c.
Flannel, reg. 45c	for 35c.
Flannel Sheeting, by the yard, reg. $1.50	for $1.00
Coates' Thread, 200 yard spool	8c.
Dominion Thread, 200 yards	6c.
Mercer Crochet Cotton	3 for 25c.
Men's and Boys' Caps, from	50c. up

Give us a call and see what you can save before buying elsewhere.

M. MAKER'S Dry Goods Store

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE
Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor

NEW SUITS
—AT—
$15.00
Now Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of $15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

We are Continually Surprised
to hear someone whose eyes we are testing say—"I never had my eyes properly tested before, and did not think they could be the cause of my headaches, my nervousness or my inability to read and rest dull and sleepy.
We can test you and honestly advise whether an eye doctor is necessary, and generally save you dollars.
We are also expert in fitting the specialists prescriptions, saving you time and trouble in the city.—All latest shapes Round-Oval-Leaf, invisible bifocals, shell rims, etc.
Testing Free—A. F. CHINNECK
—at—
F. Chinneck's
Jewellery Store

Have you tried Ingersoll Cream Cheese for lunches. H. W. KELLY has a fresh shipment in.

Kodaks and supplies for sale at WALLACE'S, sole agents for Napanee.

WE WILL MAIL THE NAPANEE EXPRESS TO ANY NEW SUBSCRIBER FROM NOW UNTIL THE END OF 1920 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

U. M. WILSON,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

Dr. CAMERON WILSON
OFFICE—ROBERT STREET
House lately occupied by Mrs A. F. Holmes.
Telephone—106.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN,
DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

W. T. BAIRD
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THE ROYAL MARRIAGE ACT.

Prince of Wales Almost Sure to Marry a Commoner.

Who is the Prince of Wales going to marry? It is a pretty safe bet that the lady of his choice will not be a princess—not until he marries her—and that she will not have a drop of royal blood in her veins. The odds are that some British duke's daughter will be the future Queen of Britain. In fact one such young lady, whose family is intimately associated with Ottawa at the present moment, is spoken of in this connection.

The Prince of Wales may, however, have a surprise in store, and seek the heart and hand of a plain, untitled "miss." Gossip is rife as to whom he will wed, and more than one American girl is doubtless wondering how it would feel to wear a crown and have the duchesses bobbing and curtseying to her.

Britain's kings did not always seek their mates from the narrow circle of royalty. In the days of Plantagenets, Tudors and Stuarts, alliances of English and Scotch monarchs, with their subjects were not uncommon. One Jas. Stewart married a lady of the Woodville family.

An English widowed queen espoused an untitled Welsh gentleman named Tudor, and the son born to this plain squire and his royal consort ascended the throne as Henry VII., the first of the royal house of Tudor.

Mary Queen of Scots married one of her subjects, Lord Henry Darnley, son of the Earl of Lennox, and their son, James VI. of Scotland, and 1st of England, was the Scottish sovereign who united the two kingdoms. It was not until the House of Hanover came to the throne that the limitation of royal marriages to persons of royal blood became a statute. It was an importation to England of a German law, and has always been distasteful to the British people.

The Royal Marriage Act was passed in 1772 prohibiting any descendant of George II., except those who were the issue of princes or princesses married into foreign houses, from contracting marriages before the age of 25 without the assent of the King signified under the Great Seal. This Royal Marriage Act was passed under the influence of the German mother of George III., who put her foot down on his attempt to marry Lady Sarah Lennox, daughter of the Duke of Richmond, and who later, had her son married to a German princess.

After the age of 25 the act decrees that they may marry without royal consent, but only by giving notice of their intention to the Privy Council 12 months before the ceremony, and subject to the approval of both Houses of Parliament. Attempts have been made to repeal this act, which sets up the royal family as a separate caste, and puts a slur on the British people.

THORNWICK BAY.

One of the Beauty Spots of English Coast.

Thornwick Bay is not possessed of an international reputation. Indeed it is open to question if the vast majority of people who can lay claim to an intimate acquaintance with the geography of the British Isles would not have to admit that they never heard of it. Thorwick Bay, however, finds abundant compensation for the fewness of its friends in their devotion. It is certain that Flamborough Head, the huge promontory on the Yorkshire coast which thrusts itself out several miles into the North Sea, should possess a name learned of every schoolboy, and it seeks no general recognition for the fact that those who know the headland well reckon Thornwick Bay amongst the most beautiful of its many stern beauties.

It is not that there is anything grim about Thornwick Bay. There are days, many of them, when a great calm pervades the bay, when the sun is shining, maybe, out of a blue sky, and the blue sky is reflected in blue waters, and the towering limestone cliffs, shaking themselves free from the deeps, now in a sheer precipice and now in giant boulders, glistening in the light like the white walls of some Titanic city. Nevertheless, Thornwick Bay always means business. There may be days of calm, days when the sea seems still and the cliffs seem silent, but it is only an armed truce, for Thornwick Bay bespeaks at all times the Homeric contest between land and water. There is no defeat and no victory about it, just the grand game of Greek against Greek. As Kipling has it:

Where did you refrain from us or we refrain from you?
Ask the wave that has not watched war between us two!

At the North Landing, a quarter of a mile away, a man may draw his boat up on to the white shingles, or, rather, a small but willing lookkey may draw it up for him; but Thornwick Bay indulges in no such refinements. There, at high tide, the sea rolls and roars in and out of deep chasms, around huge sentinel rocks, and breaks into a cloud of spray on the white bowlers which cover the shore. And even at low tide, the rolling and roaring go on just the same as the waters rush in and out amongst the seaweed-covered rocks, suddenly surmounting some giant, and pouring a great green waterfall, flecked with white, over his brown sides.

There are all kinds of vantage points from which one may see Thornwick Bay, a thousand different ledges, terraces, and small caves amongst the cliffs. Or, when the sea is in a more than usually tractable mood, one may bargain with a blue-guernseyed fisherman to row one round from the North Landing in his white cobble, lined with red and blue. But perhaps the best view of all is from the green velvety grass on the top of the cliff, just after sunset, maybe,

When the red and white
Of Flamborough light
Begins to sweep the sea,

when the last puffin has composed himself for the night, and the only sound is the muttering of the waters far below.

A Professional Attitude.

"Are'nt you in favor of spelling reform?"

"Not at all," answered the young woman at the typewriter. "Many a man would be writing his own letters if he knew how to spell all the difficult words."

MRS. M. PECK HAS GAINED 25 POUNDS

Nine Years Trouble Ends and She is Well and Happy Now

"I have gained twenty-five pounds since I commenced taking Tanlac, and the troubles that have been making life miserable for me for nine years have been completely overcome," said Mrs. Minnie Peck, who lives at 9784—82nd Ave., Edmonton, the other day.

"When I commenced taking Tanlac," continued Mrs. Peck, "I was so weak and run down that I was hardly able to get about. Everything that I ate disagreed with me, and I would suffer for two or three hours after every meal on account of gas forming and binding me up. I would have severe cramping pains in the pit of my stomach. I was very nervous, so much that the slamming of a door would upset me terribly and I got mighty poorly spells out of the question for me. I would actually get out of bed every morning feeling more tired and worn out than I did the night before. This condition just kept getting worse all the time until I got to where I was compelled to stay in bed most of the time.

"Then I decided to give Tanlac a trial, and it's the honest truth I commenced to feel better before I had finished my first bottle of this wonderful medicine, and my condition just kept getting better until I am now as well as I ever was in my life. I never have a sign of stomach trouble now. I have gotten back all my strength now, and I have a fine appetite and eat just anything I want, and can easily do all my housework. My nerves are in perfect condition, and I sleep like a child every night. It is simply wonderful the way I have gained in weight, and in fact, I just feel fine all the time. Yes, sir, Tanlac is a wonderful medicine and as long as I live I will never lose an opportunity to say a good word for it."

Tanlac is sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.

(advt)

PLAN ENORMOUS DAM.

Ingenious Scheme to Heat Maritime Provinces.

Modern ingenuity has discovered a most efficient mode of heating houses in winter—that of hot water. Furnace and caldron are sometimes, in the case of hospitals or other large buildings, placed at a distance from the apartments to be warmed. In such cases pipes conduct heated water into the radiators and back again when cooled. Thus, cost after is continually entering the bottom of the caldron while heated water flows from the top. It is now proposed to apply the warm waters of the Gulf Stream to the eastern portions of Canada and the United States, that such regions might enjoy a more even temperature through out the year and permit a more luxurious vegetation.

The closing of the Straits of Belle Isle, which are about 11 miles wide at the narrowest point, thereby shutting out the Labrador current, the harbinger of Arctic blasts and the reason why St. Lawrence ports are closed during the winter months, would divert the "Cold Wall" to the Atlantic and allow the warm waters of the *Torrid Zone* to circulate freely around eastern shores. Such a change, it is thought, would increase the value of lands and natural resources by billions of dollars; would greatly improve living and public health conditions; would release vast quantities of fuel, now necessary for heating purposes, to be used in industry; would be the means of augmenting the population, commerce and revenues of Canada.

The project has been pronounced possible by engineers. The cost would be great, but nothing in comparison to the results to be gained. The saving in fuel alone in the benefited areas, it is thought, would repay the entire expenditure.

The Labrador current sends a large volume of water through the Straits of Belle Isle; thence southwesterly along the coast of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the United States, creating a cold current, technically known as the "Cold Wall" between the Gulf Stream and the North American coast.

The climatic effect of this Labrador current on Canada covers a wide extent of territory. It brings winter earlier; makes spring later, and materially lowers the temperature.

In the Province of Prince Edward Island, having an area of 2,184 square miles, and a population of about 100,000, the only disadvantage this fertile islands labors under is its long winter, owing to the piling up of ice in the Gulf of St. Lawrence under the low temperatures caused by the Labrador current.

The portions of the Province of Quebec having water frontage on the estuary of the River St. Lawrence, the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Strait of Belle Isle, including the Laurentian Highland region, a substantial portion of the valley of the St. Lawrence and the Island of Anticosti, the Bird Islands and the Magdalen Islands. Throughout all these areas the winters are long and cold and the summers short and hot.

The Province of New Brunswick has an area of about 28,000 square miles and a population of about 400,000. The winter conditions throughout the entire province are rendered more difficult by the influence of the Labrador current.

The Province of Nova Scotia has an area of about 22,000 square miles and a population of about 500,000.

In explanation of the certainty which is stated of benefits resulting from the bringing inshore of the Gulf Stream current, one may, as a particular instance, refer to the case of Atlantic City, New Jersey, which owes its world-wide fame as a winter resort entirely to the local effect of the Gulf Stream.

The stream may, by way of average, be stated to pass 20 miles offshore at Cape Hatteras; 60 miles off Nantucket Shoals, and 120 miles southward of Nova Scotia; the warm waters of the Gulf Stream being there shut off from the Canadian coast by the "Cold Wall" of the Labrador current, through which no heat can pass.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Bird Life at Selborne

WHEN I set out for Selborne over the high table land from Petersfield, through Froxfield and East Tisted, I felt I was doing the best I could for the promise of the day by keeping an attentive eye for the birds in my neighborhood, and an attentive inward ear for that refined and spiritualized conversation, like the vivid though leisurely intonations of two blackbirds. I was glad to find the yellowhammer common along the hedgerows, for he is a favorite of mine, and I wasted a good deal of time watching them singing their little hymns of praise, like a sighing gust of wind among tall grasses, beats comically lifted to heaven and golden heads shining in the sun.

It is a curious thing that White never distinguished between the yellow and the much rarer cirl bunting. Here, too, turtle doves have settled for the summer and their low, tremulous croodling notes accompanied me for a couple of miles. They have a bewitching love-flight, sailing down to earth, with arched wings and expanded white-barred tails, in a slanting glide, that makes the curves of Milo's Venus look insignificant. There were several pairs of lapwings building in the fields, and I once turned aside to try and find a nest, not because I cared whether I found it or not, but simply for the pleasure of having their company in a world where the wild birds shun our presence as Coleridge's walker fled the "fearful fiend, that close behind him treads."

So I walked about, enjoying the unique sensation of those privileged birds following me all over the field, flying close around my head, and displaying the utmost anxiety and fearlessness. But at last I grew ashamed of getting my pleasure at the expense of a noble passion, and slunk off, being seen safely and some distance off the premises by the outraged tenants. So I jogged along that lavish and varied, though never grand country; finding both whitethroats, the lesser just as demonstrative and excitable as his cousin, and singing his garrulous warble (like the chaffinch's without the upward note at the end, and shriller and more piercing), with crest raised, body shaken, and throat puffed out in the fine frenzy of melody; hearing an occasional blackcap and garden warbler, and seeing two or three jays and magpies, loveliest of all the feathered outcasts—until I arrived at the long, winding street of Selborne village.

The first thing I did was to climb the "zigzag" (constructed in White's time) of Selborne Hanger, and wander on the common. Birds do not frequent the beech, while White called "the most picturesque of all forest trees, whether we consider its smooth rind or bark, its glossy foliage, or graceful pendulous boughts," for the simple reason that its woods permit no undergrowth, and nowadays there are no honey-buzzards (as there were in his) to build upon the canopy of foliage. But there were none on the common, the wildest, most desolate, and untamed land commanding many a fine prospect of the irregular, rolling, fecund Hampshire country. It was a paradise for birds, with wide spaces, isolated trees, thick- matted undergrowth of bramble and furze and thorn, and, indeed, every variety of unclipped, untended bush, and little areas of bracken and grassland.

Yet in this seventh heaven of feathered cherubs, I heard but the commonest songs and saw but three birds—a swallow, a jay, and a hen blackbird. True, I found a throstle's nest, and that went some way toward compensating me. How wonderfully beautiful the eggs are, in their nature's home—our little blue oval skies, powdered at the poles with black stars and with greenish tinge over the blue, as if the earth had stained the heavens! In the collector's cabinet they look and are no more than pebbles or colored marbles. So I made haste to avoid the bitterness which a realization of the steady decline in wild-bird life always brings, and set off down the pretty village street for the Plestor, the little square with the sycamore, which has supplanted the vast oak — the delight of young and old"—overturned, by a tempest, in 1703.—The Nation.

One on Lord Russell.

Mr. J. A. Strahan, in his book of legal reminiscences, "The Bench and Bar of England," tells a story of how Lord Russell of Killowen was scored off by a festive young officer of the Guards, who happened to be his partner at whist. The latter had dined well but not wisely, played very badly, and merely laughed when taken to task, so the Lord Chief Justice suddenly flung his hand on the table, and said, angrily: "This is not whist; it is confounded tomfoolery."

"Keep your feathers on, old cock," replied the astonished Guardsman, "there's no harm done."

Almost speechless with rage, the Lord Chief Justice asked, in a hoarse voice: "Do you know, sir, whom you are addressing?"

"Of course I do," was the reply; "but memember, my boy, you are not in your blasted old police court now."

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Many a time as you buckled over the wash board, rubbing the life out of the clothes and the joy out of a day, you had thought how nice it would be to have an electric washer. Of course, you knew you couldn't afford one—they cost so much. But now the "can't afford it" excuse is out of date. Now you can have an electric washer and all its advantages, for the price of a Kribs Electric Washer is within the means of every housewife.

$80 Kribs Electric Washer $80

While most electric washing machines cost between $125.00 and $200.00 the Kribs Electric Washer is sold for $80.00. And we guarantee every machine to wash clothes perfectly. The Kribs Electric Washer is supplied with *cut* gears which makes it practically noiseless when compared with other washers whose *cast* gears grind and growl throughout the washing. The Kribs Electric Washer is also equipped with a safety release wringer which instantly releases *both ends* of the wringer in emergencies—*this* is the most effective type of safety wringer made. The power is supplied by the famous Robbins & Myers electric motors, used on the most expensive machines.

14 DAYS' FREE TRIAL

Until November 30th only, we are making a special 14 days' free trial offer. Every housewife should take advantage of the offer and learn how the Kribs Electric Washer banishes wash-day drudgery. Give the machine a thorough trial—remember you are under no obligation to buy—you can make no mistake by experimenting.

Easy Terms Arranged

If at the end of two weeks you are completely satisfied with the way it washes blankets, tablecloths, curtains, everything down to the flimsiest lace—if you are convinced that it saves many times its cost in time and labor, you can pay for it out of your actual savings. Easy monthly payments to suit every purchaser can be arranged.

Offer Good Until November Thirtieth Only

We have but a limited number of machines on hand, so we have made this offer good *only* up to the thirtieth of November. We advise you to come and select your machine at once. We will gladly demonstrate the washer at any time.

Hydro Electric Power Commission, HYDRO SHOP

An Unfortunate Name.

It is customary in China, when the number of children—daughters preponderating—begins to exceed the family income, to name the latest comer "Enough." Acting upon this superstition, the Lees, a native Christian couple, presented their seventh child for baptism, relates World Outlook. "What is her name?" inquired the missionary factor. "Enough!" announced both parents in fervent unison. "That will never do!" the pastor frowned. "Think of a more fitting name!" But Mr. and Mrs. Lee were smitten with stage-fright and could think of nothing. The Bible woman sitting near whispered: "Call her Dorcas!" So Dorcas she was hastily named. But fancy the dismay of Mr. and Mrs. Lee when they discovered that Dorcas, translated into the native dialect, is identical in sound with the Chinese words, "Many More."

Prolific Breed of Fish.

Everybody seems fed up with restriction, and the last straw seemed to have been reached when the fast went forth that our gas was to be rationed.

But such a decree would have few terrors for the inhabitants of British Columbia, who possess a prolific breed of fish, which not only supplies them generously with food, but saves them the cost of electric light, gas, and candles.

It is a species of smelt, and when dried you either eat him or light him. The fish is full of oil, and can easily be adapted to any form of candle-stick. The dried fish is stuck tail uppermost in the receptacle, and the light is applied in burns with a power which puts an ordinary dip in the shade.

The oil, too, is spoken of as being as efficacious as cod-liver oil, while it is infinitely more palatable.

North of Fifty-Three

By Bertrand W. Sinclair

Barrow Glanced Over the Missive and Frowned.

She drew off her gloves, and, laying aside her hat, picked up a newspaper, and began to read. The girl, with no excuse for lingering, reluctantly gathered up her broom and dustpan, and departed. When she was gone, and not till then, Miss Weir investigated the parcel.

Roses—two dozen long-stemmed La Frances—filled the room with their delicate odor when she removed the pasteboard cover. And set ridgewise among the stems she found his card. Miss Weir turned up her small nose.

"I wonder if he sends these as a sort of peace offering?" she snorted. "I wonder if a few hours of reflection has made him realize just how exceedingly caddish he acted? Well, Mr. Bush, I'll return your unwelcome gift—though they are beautiful flowers."

And she did forthwith, squandering 40 cents on a messenger boy, to deliver them to Mr. Bush at his office. She wished him to labor under no misapprehension as to her attitude.

The next day—Sunday—she spent with Jack Barrow on a visit to his cousin in a nearby town. They parted, as was their custom, at the door. It was still early in the evening—eight-thirty, or thereabouts—and Hazel went into the parlor on the first floor. Mrs. Stout and one of her boarders sat there chatting, and at Hazel's entrance the landlady greeted her with a startling bit of news:

"Evenin', Miss Weir. 'Ave you 'eard about Mr. Bush, pore gentleman? Mrs. Stout was very English.

"Mr. Bush? No. What about him?"

"'E was 'urt shockin' bad this awft'noon," Mrs. Stout related. "Out 'orseback ridin', and 'is 'orse run away with 'im, and fell on 'im. Fell all of a 'eap, they say. Terrible—terrible! The pore man isn't expected to live. 'Is back's broke, they say. What a pity! Shockin' accident, indeed."

Miss Weir voiced perfunctory sympathy, as was expected of her, seeing that she was an employee of the firm—or had been lately. But close upon that she escaped to her own room. She did not relish sitting there discussing Mr. Andrew Bush.

Nevertheless she kept thinking of him long after she went to bed. She was not at all vindictive, and his misfortune, the fact—if the report were true—that he was facing his end stirred her pity.

The report of his injury was verified in the morning papers. By evening it had pretty well passed out of Hazel's mind. Other more pleasant concerns. Jack Barrow dropped in about six-thirty to ask if she wanted to go with him to a concert during the week. They were sitting in the parlor, by a front window, chattering to each other, but not so engrossed that they failed to notice a carriage drawn by two splendid grays pull up at the front gate. The footman, in brown livery, got down and came to the door. Hazel knew the carriage. She had seen Mr. Andrew Bush abroad in it many a time. She wondered if there was some further annoyance in store for her, and frowned at the prospect.

She heard Mrs. Stout answer the bell in person. There was a low mumble of voices. Then the landlady appeared in the parlor doorway, the footman behind her.

"This is the lady," Mrs. Stout indicated Hazel. "A message for you, Miss Weir."

The liveried person bowed and extended an envelope. "I was instructed to deliver this to you personally," he said, and lingered as if he looked for further instructions.

Hazel looked at the envelope. She could not understand why, under the circumstances, any message should come to her through such a medium. But there was her name inscribed. She glanced up. Mrs. Stout gazed past the footman with an air of frank anticipation. Jack also was looking. But the landlady caught Hazel's glance and backed out the door, and Hazel opened the letter.

The note was brief and to the point:

Miss Weir: Mr. Bush, being seriously injured and unable to write, bids me say that he is very anxious to see you. He sends his carriage to convey you here. His physicians fear that he will not survive the night, hence he begs of you to come.

Very truly,
ETHEL R. WATSON.
Nurse in Waiting.

"The idea! Of course I won't! I wouldn't think of such a thing!" Hazel exclaimed.

"Just a second," she said to the footman.

Over on the parlor mantel lay some sheets of paper and envelopes. She borrowed a pencil from Barrow and scribbled a brief refusal. The footman departed with her answer. Hazel turned to find Jack staring his puzzlement.

"What did he want?" Barrow asked bluntly. "That was the Bush turnout, wasn't it?"

"You heard about Mr. Bush getting hurt, didn't you?" she inquired.

"Saw it in the paper. Why?"

"Nothing, except that he is supposed to be dying—and he wanted to see me. At least—well, read the note," Hazel answered.

Barrow glanced over the missive and frowned.

"What do you suppose he wanted you for?" he asked.

"How should I know?" Hazel evaded. "Seems funny," he remarked slowly. "Oh, let's forget it." Hazel came and sat down on the couch by him. "I don't know of any reason why he should want to see me. It was certainly a peculiar request for him to make. But that's no reason why we should let it bother us. If he's really so badly hurt, the chances are he's out of his head. Don't scowl at that bit of paper so, Johnnie-boy."

Barrow laughed and kissed her, and the subject was dropped forthwith. Later they went out for a short walk. In an hour or so Barrow left for home, promising to have the concert tickets for Thursday night.

Hazel took the note out of her belt and read it again when she reached her room. Why should he want to see her? She wondered if the man's persistence. He had insulted her, according to her view of it—doubly insulted her with threats and an enforced caress. Perhaps he merely wanted to beg her pardon; she had heard of men doing such things in their last moments. But she could not conceive of Mr. Andrew Bush being sorry for anything he did. And so she could not grasp the reason for that eleventh-hour summons. But she could see that a repetition of such incidents might put her in a queer light. Other folk might begin to wonder and inquire why Mr. Andrew Bush took such an "interest" in her—a mere stenographer. Well, she told herself, she did not care—so long as Jack Barrow's ears were not assailed by talk. She smiled at that, for she could picture the reception any scandal peddler would get from him.

The next day's papers contained the obituary of Mr. Andrew Bush. He had died shortly after midnight. And despite the fact that she held no grudge, Hazel felt a sense of relief. He was powerless to annoy or persecute her, and she could not escape the conviction that he would have attempted both had he lived.

She had now been idle a matter of days. Nearly three months were yet to elapse before her wedding.

It seemed scarcely worth while to look for another position. She had enough money saved to do everything she wanted to do. It was not so much lack of money, the need to earn, as the monotony of idleness that irked her. She had acquired the habit of work, and that is a thing not lightly shaken off. But during that day she gathered together the different Granville papers, and went carefully over the "want" columns. Knowing the town as she did, she was enabled to eliminate the unlikely, undesirable places. Thus by evening she was armed with a list of firms and individuals requiring a stenographer. And in the morning she sallied forth.

Her quest ended with the first place she sought. The fact of two years' service with the biggest firm in Granville was ample recommendation; in addition to which the office manager, it developed in their conversation, had known her father in years gone by. So before ten o'clock Miss Hazel Weir was entered on the pay roll of a furniture-manufacturing house. It was not a permanent position; one of their girls had been taken ill and was likely to take up her duties again in six weeks or two months. But that suited Hazel all the better. She could put in the time usefully, and have a breathing spell before her wedding.

Three days went by. Hazel attended the concert with Jack the evening of the day Mr. Andrew Bush received ostentatious burial. At ten the next morning the telephone girl called her.

"Someone wants you on the phone, Miss Weir," she said.

Hazel took up the dangling receiver. "Hello!"

"That you, Hazel?"

She recognized the voice, half guessing it would be he, since no one but Jack Barrow would be likely to ring her up.

"Surely. Doesn't it sound like me?"

"Have you seen the morning papers?"

"No. What—"

"Look 'em over. Particularly the Gazette."

The harsh rattle of a receiver slammed back on its hook without even a "good-by" from him struck her like a slap in the face. She hung up slowly, and went back to her work. Never since their first meeting, and they had not been exempt from lovers' quarrels, had Jack Barrow ever spoken to her like that. Even through the telephone the resentful note in his voice grated on her and mystified her.

She was chained to her work—which, together with agitation, she managed to wade through without any radical errors—until noon. The twelve-to-one intermission gave her opportunity to hurry up the street and buy a Gazette. Then, instead of going home to her luncheon, she entered the nearest restaurant. She wanted a chance to read more than food. She did not unfold the paper until she was seated.

A column heading on the front page caught her eye. The caption read: "Andrew Bush Leaves Money to Stenographer." And under it the subhead: "Wealthy Manufacturer Makes Peculiar Request to Miss Hazel Weir."

The story ran a full column, and had to do with his interment. There was a great deal of matter anent the principal beneficiaries. But that which formed the basis of the heading was a codicil appended to the will a few hours before his death, in which he did "give and bequeath to Hazel Weir, until lately in my employ, the sum of five thousand dollars in reparation for any wrong I may have done her."

Hazel stared at the sheet, and her face burned. She could understand now why Jack Barrow had hung up his receiver with a slam. She could picture him reading that article and gritting his teeth. Her hands clenched till the knuckles stood white under the smooth skin, and then quite abruptly she got up and left the restaurant even while a waiter hurried to take her order. If she had been a man, and versed in profanity, she could have cursed Andrew Bush till his soul shuddered on its journey through infinite space. Being a woman, she wished only a quiet place to cry.

CHAPTER III.

An Explanation Demanded.

Hazel's pride came to her rescue before she was half-way home. Instinctively she had turned to that refuge, where she could lock herself in her own room and cry her protest against it all. But she had done no wrong, nothing of which to be ashamed, and when the first shock of the news article wore off, she threw up her head and refused to consider what the world at large might think. So she went back to the office at one o'clock and took up her work. Long before evening she sensed that others had read the Gazette. Not that anyone mentioned it, but sundry curious glances made her painfully aware of the fact.

She had just reached the first landing of her boarding house when she heard the telephone bell, and a second or two later the landlady called.

"Oh, Miss Weir! Telephone."

Barrow's voice hailed her over the line.

"I'll be out by seven," said he. "We had better take a walk. We can't talk in the parlor; there'll probably be a lot of old tabbies there out of sheer curiosity."

"All right," Hazel agreed, and hung up.

She dressed herself. Unconsciously the truly feminine asserted its dominance—the woman anxious to please and propitiate her lover. She put on a dainty summer dress, rearranged her hair, powdered away all traces of the tears that insisted on coming as soon

Watched for Jack From a Window That Commanded the Street.

as she reached the sanctuary of her own room. And then she watched for Jack from a window that commanded the street.

Barrow appeared at last. She went down to meet him before he rang the bell. Jack behind him came a tall man in a gray suit. This individual turned in at the gate, bestowing a nod upon Barrow and a keen glance at her as he passed.

"That's Grinell, from the Times," Barrow muttered sourly. "Come on; let's get away from here. I suppose he's after you for an interview."

Hazel turned in beside him silently. Right at the start she found herself resenting Barrow's tone, his manner. She had done nothing to warrant suspicion from him. But she loved him, and she hoped she could convince him that it was no more than a passing unpleasantness, for which she was nowise to blame.

"Hang it!" Barrow growled, before they had traversed the first block. "Here comes Grinell! I suppose that old cat of a landlady pointed us out. No dodging him now."

"There's no earthly reason why I should dodge him, as you put it," Hazel replied stiffly. "I'm not an escaped criminal."

Barrow shrugged his shoulders in a way that made Hazel bring her teeth together and want to shake him.

Grinell by then was hurrying up with long strides. Hat in hand, he bowed to her. "Miss Hazel Weir, I believe?" he interrogated.

"Yes," she confirmed.

"I'm on the Times, Miss Weir," Grinell went straight to the business in hand. "You are aware, I presume, that Mr. Andrew Bush willed you a sum of money under rather peculiar conditions—that is, the bequest was worded in a peculiar way. Probably you have seen a synopsis of it in the papers. It has caused a great deal of interest. The Times would be pleased to have a statement from you which will tend to set at rest the curiosity of the public. Some of the other papers have indulged in unpleasant innuendo. We would be pleased to publish your side of the matter."

"I have no statement to make," Hazel said coolly. "I am not in the least concerned with what the papers print or what the people say. I absolutely refuse to discuss the matter."

Grinell continued to point out—with the persistence and persuasive logic of a good newspaper man bent on learning what his paper wants to know—the desirability of giving forth a statement. And in the midst of his argument Hazel bade him a curt "good evening" and walked on. Barrow kept step with her. Grinell gave it up for a bad job, evidently, for he turned back.

They walked five blocks without a word. Hazel glanced at Barrow now and then, and observed with an uncomfortable sinking of the heart that he was sullen, openly resentful, suspicious.

"Johnnie-boy," she said suddenly, "don't look so cross. Surely you don't blame me because Mr. Bush wills me a sum of money in a way that makes people wonder?"

"I can't understand it at all," he said slowly. "It's very peculiar—and deucedly unpleasant. Why should he leave you money at all? And why should he word the will as he did? What wrong did he ever do you?"

"None," Hazel answered shortly. His tone wounded her, cut her deep, so eloquent was it of distrust. "The only wrong he has done me lies in willing me that money as he did."

"But there's an explanation for that," Barrow declared moodily. "There's a key to the mystery, and if anybody has it you have. What is it?"

"Jack," Hazel pleaded, "don't take that tone with me. I can't stand it—I won't. I'm not a little child to be scolded and browbeaten. This morning when you telephoned you were almost insulting, and it hurt me dreadfully. You're angry now, and suspicious. It would seem to think I must have done some dreadful thing. I know what you're thinking. The Gazette hinted at some affair between me and Mr. Bush; that possibly that was a sort of left-handed reparation for ruining me. If that didn't make me angry, it would amuse me—it's so absurd. Haven't you any faith in me at all? I haven't done anything to be ashamed of. I've got nothing to conceal."

"Don't conceal it, then," Barrow muttered sulkily. "I've got a right to know whether there is to know it or I'm going to marry you. You don't seem to have any idea what this sort of talk that's going around means to a man."

Hazel stopped short and faced him. Her heart pounded sickeningly, and hurt pride and rising anger choked her for an instant. But she managed to speak calmly, perhaps with added calmness by reason of the struggle she was compelled to make for self-control.

"If you are going to marry me," she repeated, "you have got a right to know all there is to know. Have I refused to explain? I haven't had much chance to explain yet. Have I refused to tell you anything? Would any reasonable explanation make an impression on you in your present frame of mind. I don't want to marry you if you can't trust me. Why, I couldn't—I wouldn't—marry you any time, or any place, under those conditions, no matter how much I may foolishly care for you."

"There's just one thing, Hazel," Barrow persisted stubbornly. "There must have been something between you and Bush. You're not helping yourself by getting on your dignity and talking about my not trusting you, instead of explaining these things."

"A short time ago," Hazel told him quietly, "Mr. Bush asked me to marry him. I refused, of course. He—"

"You refused!" Barrow interrupted cynically. "Most girls would have jumped at the chance."

"Jack!" she protested.

"Well," Barrow defended, "he was almost a millionaire, and I've got nothing but my hands and my brain. But suppose you did refuse him. How does that account for the five thousand dollars?"

"I think," Hazel flung back passionately, "I'll let you find that out for yourself. You've said enough now to make me hate you almost. Your very manner's an insult."

"If you don't like my manner—" Barrow retorted stormily. Then he cut his sentence in two, and glared at her. The twin devils of jealousy and distrust were riding him hard, and it flashed over Hazel that in his mind she was prejudged, and that her explanation, if she made it, would only add fuel to the flame.

She turned abruptly and left him. What did it matter, anyway? She was too proud to plead, and it was worse than useless to explain.

Even so, womanlike, she listened, expecting to hear Jack's step hurrying up behind. She could not imagine him letting her go like that. But he did not come, and when, at a distance of two blocks, she stole a backward glance, he had disappeared.

She returned to the boarding house. The parlor door stood wide, and the curious, quickly averted glance of a girl she knew sent her quivering up to her room. There was only one cheerful gleam. She loved Jack Barrow. She believed that he loved her, and she could not believe—she could not conceive—him capable of keeping aloof, obdurate and unforgiving, once he got out of the black mood he was in.

She was still sitting by the window, watching the rosy crimson of the sunset, when someone rapped at her door. A uniformed messenger boy greeted her when she opened it:

"Package for Miss Hazel Weir."

She signed the delivery sheet. The address on the package was in Jack's handwriting. A box of chocolates, or some little peace offering, maybe. That was like Jack when he was sorry for anything. They had quarreled before—over trifles, too.

She opened it hastily. A swift heart-sinking followed. In the small cardboard box rested a folded scarf, and thrust in it a small gold stickpin—the only thing she had ever given Jack Barrow. There was no message. She needed none to understand.

The sparkle of the small diamond on her finger drew her gaze. She worked his ring over the knuckle, and dropped it in the drawer, where the face in the silver frame smiled up at her. She stared at the picture for one long minute fixedly, with unchanging expression, and suddenly she swept it from the dresser with a savage sweep of her hand, dashed it on the floor, and stamped it shapeless with her slippered heel.

"Oh, oh!" she gasped. "I hate you—I hate you! I despise you!"

And then she flung herself across the bed and sobbed hysterically into a pillow.

Through the night Hazel dozed fitfully, waking out of uneasy sleep to lie staring, wide-eyed, into the dark, every nerve in her body taut, her mind abnormally active. Grief and anger

Flung Herself Across the Bed and Sobbed Hysterically Into a Pillow.

by turns mastered her, and at daybreak she rose, heavy-lidded and physically weary.

The first thing upon which her gaze alighted was the crumpled photo in its shattered frame; and, sitting on the side of her bed, she laughed at the sudden fury in which she had destroyed it; but there was no mirth in her laughter.

She gathered up the bits of broken glass and the bent frame, and put them in a drawer, dressed herself, and went down to breakfast. She was too deeply engrossed in her own troubles to notice or care whether any subtle change was becoming manifest in the attitude of her fellow boarders. The worst, she felt sure, had already overtaken her.

She had a little time to spare, and that time she devoted to making up a package of Barrow's ring and a few other trifles which she had given him. This she addressed to his office and posted while on her way to work.

She got through the day somehow, strange thoughts that were trying to persist in creeping into her mind and stirring up emotions that she was determined to hold in check. Work, she knew, was her only salvation.

And so she got through the week. Saturday evening came, and she went home, dreading Sunday's idleness, with its memories. The people at Mrs. Stout's, unobtrusive, she plainly felt, were growing a trifle shy of her. She had never been on terms of intimacy with any of them during her stay there, hence their attitude troubled little after the first suspensefulness wore off. But her own friends, girls with whom she had played in the pinafore-and-pigtail stages of her youth, young men, who had paid court to her until Jack Barrow monopolized her—she did not know how they stood. She had seen none of them since Bush launched his last bolt. Barrow she had passed on the street just once, and when he lifted his hat distantly, she looked straight ahead, and ignored him. Whether she hurt him as much as she did herself by the cut direct would be hard to say.

When Sunday noon arrived, and the phone had failed to call her once, and not one of all her friends had dropped in, Hazel twisted her chair so that she could stare at the image of herself in the mirror.

"You're in a fair way to become a pariah, it seems," she said bitterly. "What have you done, I wonder, that you've lost your lover, and that Alice and May and Hortense and all the rest of them keep away from you? Nothing—not a thing—except that your looks attracted a man, and the man threw stones when he couldn't have his way. Oh, well, what's the difference? You've got two good hands, and you're not afraid of work."

She walked out to Granville park after luncheon, and found a seat on a shaded bench beside the lake. People passed and repassed—couples, youngsters, old peoples, children. It made her lonely beyond measure. She had never been isolated among her own kind before.

A group of young people came sauntering along the path. Hazel looked up as they neared her, chattering to each other. Maud Steele and Bud Wells, and—why, she knew every one of the party. Hazel caught her breath as they came abreast, not over ten feet away. The three young men raised their hats self-consciously.

"Hello, Hazel!" the girl said.

But they passed on. It seemed to Hazel that they quickened their pace a trifle. It made her grit her teeth in resentful anger. Ten minutes later she left the park and caught a car home. Once in her room she broke down.

"Oh, I'll go mad if I stay here and this sort of thing goes on!" she cried forlornly.

A sudden thought struck her.

"Why should I stay here?" she said aloud. "Why? What's to keep me here? I can make my living anywhere."

"But, no," she asserted passionately, "I won't run away. That would be running away, and I haven't anything to be ashamed of. I will not run."

Still the idea kept recurring to her. It promised relief from the hurt of averted faces and coolness where she had a right to expect sympathy and friendship.

The legal notice of the bequest was mailed to her. She tore up the letter and threw it in the fire as if it were some poisonous thing. The idea of accepting his money stirred her to perfect frenzy. If she could have poured the whole miserable tale into some sympathetic ear she would have felt better, and each day would have seemed less hard. But there was no such ear. Her friends kept away.

Saturday of the second week her pay envelope contained a brief notice that the firm no longer required her services. There was no explanation, only perfunctory regrets; and, truth to tell, Hazel cared little to know the real cause. Any one of a number of reasons might have been sufficient. But she realized how those who knew her would take it, what cause they would ascribe. It did not matter, though. The very worst, she reasoned, could not be so bad as what had already happened—could be no more disagreeable than the things she had endured in the past two weeks. Losing a position was a trifle. But it set her thinking again.

She stopped at a news stand and bought the evening papers. Up in the top rack of the stand the big heads of an assorted lot of Western papers caught her eye. She bought two or three on the impulse of the moment, without any definite purpose except to look them over out of mere curiosity. With these tucked under her arm, she turned into the boarding-house gate, ran up the steps, and, upon opening the door, her ears were gladdened by the first friendly voice she had heard—it seemed to her—in ages, a voice with that she had least expected to hear. A short, plump woman rushed out of the parlor, and precipitated herself bodily upon Hazel.

"Kitty Ryan! Where in the wide, wide world did you come from?" Hazel cried.

"From the United States and everywhere," Miss Ryan replied. "Take me up to your room, dear, where we can talk our heads off.

"And, furthermore, Hazie, I'll be pleased to have you address me as Mrs. Brooks, my dear young woman," the plump lady laughed, as she settled herself in a chair in Hazel's room.

"So you're married?" Hazel said.

To be Continued

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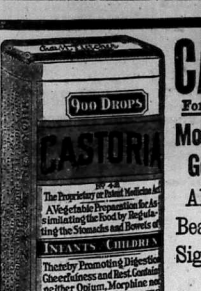
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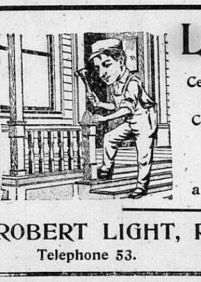

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MILK STRAINERS COMPARED.

Absorbant Cotton and Filter Cloth Most Effective.

Clean milk depends primarily on sanitary methods of production, but milk strainers as commonly used also have a direct bearing on the quality of commercial milk. Certain kinds of strainers cause milk to appear clean, but fail to remove all impurities. Of all the milk filters in common use only two—absorbent cotton and filter cloth—are reasonably efficient in actually improving the commercial quality of milk. Even these filters must be kept clean and changed frequently to insure satisfactory results.

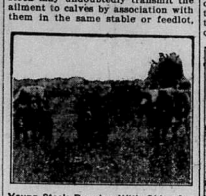
According to reports from about forty thousand farmers wire gauze strainers are in more general use than any other kind, but studies with the microscope show plainly that the meshes are much too large to hold back any but the very coarse impurities. One thickness of cheesecloth or other cotton cloth is only slightly more effective than a wire gauze strainer, but when the cloth is folded to about eight thicknesses its ability to remove dirt in milk increases somewhat, but is still inefficient as compared to absorbent cotton or filter cloth.

Filter cloth, a specially made cotton cloth, smooth on one side and "fuzzy" on the other, was found reasonably effective. This cloth can be obtained from leading dairy supply houses. The milk should be poured on the fuzzy side, the fibers of which stand up like the nap of a carpet, and remove all but a small percentage of the solid impurities. The most effective strainer of all, however, according to the experiments, was a layer of absorbent cotton placed between two thicknesses of cheesecloth.

At best straining milk is a practice that makes milk appear clean and therefore more easily salable, but no strainer removes either the bacteria and objectionable flavors or the very fine dirt. As a consequence straining milk fails to improve its wholesomeness to any noticeable degree. Clean milk is best obtained by sanitary methods which prevent, so far as possible, the entrance of dirt into the milk. This can be done best by having clean cows in a clean stable and milking with clean hands into sterilized small-top pails.

Testing for Tuberculosis.

Calves may become infected with tuberculosis at an early age, and any effort to eradicate this dreaded disease from the herd should not overlook the younger animals. Diseased stock may undoubtedly transmit the ailment to calves by association with them in the same stable or feedlot.



Young Stock Running With Older Animals—They Are Subject to Tuberculosis If Any of Older Animals Have Disease.

and even by contact through a fence which divides the younger from the older animals.

The youngest age at which department of agriculture veterinarians recommend testing calves for tuberculosis is six months. In special instances, however, numbers of animals under this age have been satisfactorily tested with tuberculin. The present regulations of the bureau prescribes a dose of two cubic centimeters of tuberculin for calves ranging from six months to one year of age.

Unused Water From Spring.

The unused water from a spring or flowing well may be made valuable if brought to a watering trough, cooling tank, fish pond, or swimming pool, or harvested as ice. A saving may be effected by laying two lines of pipe in one trench. The engine which drives the pump may operate other useful appliances such as a dynamo, saw, washing machine, cream separator, or churn.

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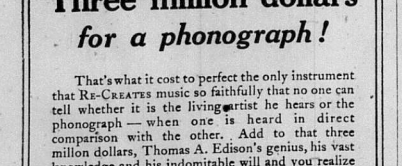

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FIGHTING ARMY WORMS

EXAMINE MEADOWS CLOSELY TO FIND THEM.

It Is Important That the Pest Should Be Discovered Before They Can Do Serious Damage to the Crops —Poisoned Baits May Be Used to Detect Presence of Caterpillary.

Watchfulness is the key to success in cases of invasion by army worms, which are young of certain moths or millers that fly only at night. The eggs from which the army worms hatch are laid commonly on grasses or grass-like grains and the tiny caterpillars, upon hatching, feed for several days near the ground, hidden by overhanging grasses or grains and thus may escape notice until nearly full grown, by which time they have become widely distributed over the infested fields.

Upon the discovery of the pest in its younger stages depends very largely the possibility of stamping out infestations before serious injury to crops has occurred. Meadows therefore should be examined frequently, particularly those planted to timothy, bluegrass, wheat and especially millet, to discover the young worms.

Stages and work of the true army worm (Cirphis unipuncta) and some of its insect enemies; a, parent or moth; b, full-grown larva; c, eggs; d, pupa in soil; e, parasitic fly, Winthemia quadripustulata, laying its eggs on army worm; f, a ground beetle, Calosoma alidum, preying upon an army worm, and, at right, Calosoma larva emerging from burrow; g, a digger wasp, Sphex sp., carrying an army worm to its burrow; h, Enicosplius purgatus, a wasplike parasite of the army worm.

If the infested spot be small, the grass or grain can be moved off and straw scattered over the spot and burned, thus destroying the worms. If the caterpillars have become distributed over a considerable area, this can be marked off by stakes and the crop sprayed heavily with a solution of paris green at the rate of one pound to 50 gallons of water, or of arsenate of lead at the rate of two pounds of the paste or one pound of the powder to 50 gallons of water.

Poisoned baits have long been used as a means of destroying the numerous species of cutworms and also the army worm. An efficient bait of this kind may be obtained and used as follows: To 50 pounds of wheat bran and one pound of paris green or two pounds of powdered arsenate of lead; add the juice of one-half dozen oranges or lemons. Then bring the mass to a stiff dough by adding low-grade molasses or syrup, preferably molasses, and scatter the mixture broadcast in small pieces throughout the infested field.

In case the worms are not discovered until they have begun to travel in mass, usually they can be destroyed by furrowing or ditching completely around the infested area.

Watch fields of grain, grass and grain carefully, especially the meadows, during the spring and early summer months, to discover the army worms before they become full grown and spread over the entire farm. When the worms are discovered at work, do not lose a minute, but attack them vigorously by means of the measures outlined in foregoing paragraphs.

2. Poison them by spraying crops not intended for forage with one pound of paris green to 50 gallons of water, or with two pounds of powdered arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water. In case the paris green is used on tender plants, like corn, add two pounds of freshly-slaked lime to 50 gallons of the mixture. This is to prevent burning the plants. Where spraying is not practicable, the use of the poisoned-bran bait already mentioned is strongly recommended.

3. In case the worms are crawling in a body, surround them with a furrow or ditch and crush them with a log drag as they fall into it.

Preserving Fruits.

In canned goods there are two kinds of spoilage. The first is called "flat sour," which includes all forms of bacterial growth that develop within the food. The second type of spoilage to guard against is mould, a plant growth that is distinctly different from the bacterial growth. Moulded foods are seldom more than surface affected, because air is necessary for its growth; but the "flat sour" spoilage means that the entire can must be discarded. Bulletin No. 93 of the Dominion Experimental Farms, "Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables for Home Use," which may be had on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, gives full information on the various methods of canning, including old and valuable recipes, as well as new ones which have been found valuable. Canning has become the most popular means of preserving large quantities of fruit and vegetables, and since these are plentiful during the summer months, and at other times difficult to obtain, it is important to preserve quantities during the growing season for use in winter. Moreover, the use of an abundant supply of fruit and green vegetables is essential to health at all seasons of the year.

Shiloh 25¢

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VALUE OF TRACTORS.

What the Farmers Who Have Used Them Say.

Several hundred tractor owners were asked these questions:—

"What do you find to be the principal advantages of the tractor for farm work?"

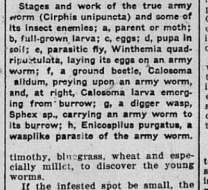
"What are its principal disadvantages?"

The replies received have been summarized as follows:—

Saving in time, making it possible to cover the desired acreage within the proper season, is put first among the advantages by a large percentage of the farmers. Other advantages mentioned are:

Ability to do thorough work, especially in hot weather, when horses are at a disadvantage.

Saving in man labor, doing away with more or less hired labor and



Farm Tractor Making Plowing a Pastime.

enabling one man to farm a larger acreage than he can with horses.

Economy.

The principal disadvantage of the tractor, according to the reports made by these farmers, is its injurious effect on moist soil. This difficulty is a serious one in districts where the soil is heavy and where it is necessary to do a considerable amount of work in early spring.

Difficulty of operation seems to rank next as a disadvantage. A large percentage of farmers emphasize it. Other disadvantages mentioned are expense of operation, undue increase in investment, and delays on account of engine trouble.

In comparing the reports upon which this bulletin is based with those obtained from tractor owners in various parts of the corn belt several years ago it appears that less stress is laid upon the disadvantages of the tractor in the recent reports than in the older ones.

How to Handle Colt's Feet.

If the owner will accustom a colt to having his feet handled at the time he is broken to lead—and that is, before he is weaned—much future work and trouble will be avoided. Untrimmed hoofs usually grow long and uneven, and a crooked foot, or worse, a crooked leg, is the result. Failure to regulate the length and bearing of the foot may make a straight leg crooked or a crooked leg worse, while intelligent care during the growing period can greatly improve a leg that is crooked at birth. If horses' feet were properly cared for, there would be fewer knock-kneed, bowlegged, pigeon-toed, cow-hocked, interfering, and paddling horses.

When picking up a colt's foot teach him to stand on three legs, and not to depend on the one holding up his foot for the fourth point of support. When handling a colt's feet begin with the near front foot. Tie a rope around the pastern, grasp the rope close to the foot, push gently against the shoulder, and quickly lift the foot. The lifting of the foot must be simultaneous with the weight shifting to the other feet. Gentle the foot and leg and let it down. Repeat several times and then trim and level the hoof.

To raise a hind foot, put on a rope as on the front foot and draw the foot forwards. To put a rope on the hind foot of a wild horse, tie up a front foot, have the assistant hold his hand over the eye on the same side as the foot to be lifted, or take the animal's mane in one hand, the tail in the other, and whirl the horse until he becomes dizzy. While in this condition he may be handled with safety. Lift the foot forward two or three times and gentle it. As soon as the horse gives in, carry the foot backward into a shoeing position and trim the hoof.

Cost of Threshing Grain.

The average cost of operating threshing machines of all sizes, including oil, depreciation, interest on investment, etc., is approximately three cents a bushel for wheat, and about half that for oats, says L. B. Bassett, University Farm, St. Paul. The labor cost is usually a very little more than the machine cost. The total varies from year to year with the quantity of the crop and the price of labor. Much also depends on the number of bushels threshed in a season, as it requires a certain number of days' work each year to offset the fixed costs of the machine. A man threshing 80,000 bushels in a season does as a much less cost to the bushel than a man who operates only 15 to 20 days and threshes 40,000 bushels.

Sulphur In Normal Soil.

Experiments in the use of sulphur in the form of the known flowers of sulphur, have shown that this material acts as a modifier of the bacterial flora contained in the soil. It has been found to act as a destroyer of noxious microbes on the one hand, while on the other, it is favorable to the growth of the useful bacteria, Its influence is exerted only on normal soil. Soil sterilized by heat is not affected by the sulphur.

Seed Growing In British Columbia.

British Columbia, and especially Vancouver Island men, have been advised to engage more largely in seed growing by Mr. C. G. Davis, manager of a large English seed concern. According to this authority the climate and soil of the Western Provinces are ideal for that branch of agriculture.

Twenty-two In a Litter.

A sow belonging to a farmer in Hampshire, England, littered twenty-two pigs. Her record up to the present is eighty-six in all.

Secure that stock ram now before the good ones are picked up. Nothing but the best of the breed available should be used in your flock.

CHOOSE FURS NOW

Noveities for Coming Season Have Made Their Appearance.

Dolman, It Is Predicted, Will Be a Leader for Fall Wear—Designs in Square Cut Short Coats Shown.

Midsummer fur sales this year have many novelties to offer, not so much in new pelts as in the shape and general style design of the garments. The dolman is to be a leader, it is said, and it will appear in a variety of lengths. For the woman who likes extreme styles a number of fitted models are being brought out. One of the newest is called the "redingote" because it is really cut much on the same general style line as the redingote dress, with fitted bodice section and long skirt of peplum, usually cut away in front so that a front panel of the skirt or dress over which it is worn may be seen.

Another novelty is the square cut short coat with loose panel back, collar and cuffs of fur contrasting with that used for the coat proper. Collars, especially when made of a different fur from that used for the coat, are usually enormous affairs, really large enough to qualify as small separate capes.

The smart little neckpiece of one or two skins sold in the spring will not be discarded immediately by Dame Fashion, and the woman who owns one may wear it with perfect serenity right through the autumn days as an accompaniment for her tailored street frock or untrimmed tailored suit. Mink, marten and sable were the most used pelts for these smart little neckpieces. They were shown made of one, two or three skins, the smaller ones being little more than choker collars.

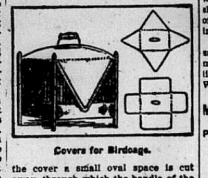
Full length fur coats are shown, but by far the smartest models are those that are hip or three-quarter length, except, of course, when designed for evening wear. For general wear the full length coat is heavy, and a short model is not only less expensive but gives all the protection required.

COVERS FOR THE BIRDCAGE

Decorative as Well as Useful Articles That May Be Made in Moments of Idleness.

Our sketch illustrates two useful types of covers to make for a birdcage, that require little more than cutting out. They can be carried out in linen, art serge, or, in fact, almost any remnant of material that may be handy. They are bound at the edges with narrow ribbon.

The space enclosed in the dotted line in the diagrams should correspond in size with the top of the birdcage, and the four flaps hang downwards on each side. In the center of



Covers for Birdcage.

the cover a small oval space is cut away, through which the handle of the cage may pass, so that the cover can be comfortably slipped over the cage in a moment. If desired, some pretty little floral design can be embroidered on three of the flaps, and possibly the name of the bird worked upon the fourth.

Diagram A gives the shape of the cover that is shown upon the cage in the sketch, and diagram B gives the shape of a similar cover, but with square flaps to hang downwards.

LATEST DESIGNS IN SHOES

Colonial Pumps Are Smartest—Oxfords for Day Dress Come in Various Shapes and Materials.

The colonial pump is the smart shoe of the season. To be sure oxfords are also worn for day dress. They are rather high and are laced not with ribbons, as they were last year, but with tubular silk lacings. They are made in kid, suede and black satin. And the lacing holes are bound with metal. But the colonial pumps are newer. They, like the oxfords, have French heels of medium height, almost invariably with a little metal layer that is now used to help keep the heels even.

They are made in black and brown kid and in patent leather. Sometimes a buckle of jet or steel is fastened at the bottom of the flaring tongue. One striking and attractive type of colonial pump has the sides of the tongue fastened to the shoe. This holds the shoe on, at the same time giving the attractive silhouette of the regulation colonial pump.

Relics of a King-maker.

Guy, the famous Earl of Warwick, known in history as the "King-maker," was a man of great stature.

How far myth will improve upon facts is illustrated in his case by certain relics shown to visitors at Warwick Castle. Principal among them are his porridge pot, his meat fork and his armor.

The porridge pot holds 120 gallons, the meat fork is six feet long, and the armor is ample enough in size to fit a horse.

As a matter of fact, it is a horse's armor. The fork is not a fork at all, but a medieval military weapon, and the porridge pot is a garrison cauldron of the sixteenth century.

In short, the so-called relics are fakes. But the average visitor at the castle, while amazed, accepts them in full faith as veritable.

Shipping Sunk.

British merchant shipping sunk by the Germans during the war is officially aggregate at 2,197 vessels, having an aggregate tonnage of 7,638,020.

FAIR LIMBS UNADORNED

As in the days before the war, Paris is taking on its old-time gayety. Always a leader in fads and fancies, Paris again strives to regain her preeminence. Our photo shows the latest sensation on the Bois de Boulogne, a French miss out for a stroll, her pretty limbs utterly devoid of any suggestion of hosiery.

POLKA-DOT DESIGN POPULAR

Has Risen to the Distinction of a Fad Among Society Women at the Nation's Capital.

The polka dot in its various expressions, from the tiniest dot to the coin dot, seems suddenly to have "broken out" in Washington. Never a gathering these days of any particular moment that the silken frock with its polka-dot design does not appear.

Miss Bertha Bolling, sister of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wears a simple frock of dark navy blue cotton voile marked in the tiniest of dots set very thickly together. A one-piece effect, which has a surplice bodice with a tiny inset vest of organdie and cuffs and collar also of organdie. The skirt has rather long swinging hip draperies.

A very smart frock of plain white georgette combined with small polka-dot pattern in coral pink formed an attractive frock the other evening at an informal dinner at one of the suburban "inns" which have sprung up like mushrooms during the past two seasons.

Mrs. Arthur Capper, wife of the senator from Kansas, wears a costume of navy blue georgette with large coin dots of white, the georgette draped over navy blue silk.

An attractive frock worn the other evening at a downtown cafe was of white georgette, the tunic, the bell sleeves and the long draped sash all of sapphire blue georgette coin dotted in white, the dots widely separated.

The hat was a small toque of white satin, the brim a solid mass of black metallic grapes with black satin foliage.—From a Washington Letter in Women's Wear.

MUST HARMONIZE WITH HAT

Pins Are by No Means to Be Regarded as Nonessential Part of the Costume.

Hatpins are little things and almost nonessential except on windy days, but put the wrong hatpin—even the littlest, plainest one—into a hat and the whole effect is spoiled, and the hatpin is proved, after all, to be of great importance. So if one must wear hatpins they should be chosen with the greatest care.

Small, inconspicuous gold hatpins are attractive in a plain sailor hat of light color, and gunmetal ones are suitable for hats of darker hue. But for summer hats in all their glory of many colores new and original hatpins have been devised. These are of enamel and represent flowers or butterflies or fruits; some of them are small and some are quite large, but their chief charm lies in the fact that one can find hatpins to harmonize with almost any hat trimming and thus avoid a jarring note. What could be more charming than a little coral rose nestling in the midst of the flowers on a hat? Or a cloisonne leaf among leaves?—New York Evening Sun.

TO WEAR WHEN TRAVELING

Frock of Dark Blue Taffeta Has Many Advantages That Are Worth Remembering.

Do you expect to take a trip soon? Then you will need for wear in the car or on the train a frock of dark blue silk, preferably taffeta. Charmeuse is very lovely, but under hard wear it is apt to grow dull looking. Crepe meteor is cool and graceful, but it rumples easily.

Crepe de chine has much to recommend it, and is a really good quality it must be rather heavy, and this makes it warm. Taffeta crumples a trifle, it is true, but the soft weaves are not bad in this respect. You could do no better than choose dark blue taffeta.

Different vest may accompany this gown, such as batiste, marquisette or organdie. A very pretty vest is made of Madeira embroidery. This is a new idea. A little batiste guimpe may also be worn with this gown.

Fadeless Kitchen Gowns.

Kitchen dresses of light weight unbleached cotton were adopted by a dainty young housewife who found that her colored wash dresses faded quickly, "and," she says, "I never looked so well in the kitchen before." All are made by some simple pattern and have a touch of colored embroidery or crochet on the neck, bell sleeves, and pockets. These dresses can be washed and boiled and need no starch, and they look new until they are worn out, and will outwear gingham or percale. The material should be shrunk before cutting.

BEAUTY SECRETS!

Whereshe gets her good looks, her healthy skin, her pink cheeks, is known to every one, because it is apparent that it is not due to cosmetics, paint and powder. But the true womanly beauty comes from good health, and this good health is a woman's secret."

Health comes with good physical machinery and good spirits, an active digestion. A body free from pains and aches comes with a tonic known for over fifty years as the best "temperance" tonic and nervine for woman—namely, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It can be obtained in any drug store in liquid or tablet form, or send 10c to Dr. Pierce Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Cleansing of the intestinal tract is important. Take castor oil or select a vegetable pill. Such a one is composed of May-apple, leaves of aloe, root of jalap, and made into tiny sugar-coated pellets, to be had at every drug store as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

CREPE DE CHINE FROM JAPAN

Italy and France Also Produce the Favored Fabric—No Factories in China.

Crepe de chine, in spite of its name, does not come from China but from Japan, Italy and France. There are no factories for making silk piece goods in China, all the weaving being done by hand. With the exception of pongees the products of the Chinese looms are not popular abroad, except in oriental countries, being too heavy, although the patterns are wonderfully beautiful and the colors exceedingly rich.

The pongees are woven in the homes of the peasants, and as they come from many looms no two pieces are ever exactly alike in weight, fineness, color and texture. The shantungs come from the Liutang district, and the naishai from the Nishi district.

These pongees are made from the wild silk of Manchuria, where the silkworms are not cultivated and fed on mulberry leaves as in the rest of China but feed at will on oak leaves. In the spring the eggs hatch on the branches of the oak trees and the cocoons are gathered early September.

On attaining their full growth silkworms seek something to which to attach themselves in order to wind themselves up in their silk envelopes. Having found it the worm spins a thread from five hundred to a thousand yards long, wrapping it around its body as it spins. This takes from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

If left alone the worm's skin hardens, its internal organs disintegrate to a thin jelly, and then begin reorganizing themselves into those of a butterfly. Within a week or ten days it would be a butterfly, and as such would eat its way out through its envelope of silk.

AN OVER-THE-SKIRT BLOUSE

Garment for Summer Wear Is Made of Sheer Cotton Voile and Handkerchief Linen.

It is no longer necessary to emphasize the fact that the long costume or smock blouse has a preferential place in the lineup of fashionable garments. The question now is not at all whether the long blouse is fashionable but rather one of putting as much originality as possible into its designing and development. This type of blouse proves a delight to the woman who wants to make over a last season frock, using just the best portions of it. The simplest sort of skirt is always the best selection as an accompaniment of the costume blouse, and as gay colorings predominate in many of these blouses the skirt may be of any color.

The long blouse shown for summer wear is made of sheer cotton voile, cotton novelty fabrics and lovely handkerchief linen in white and colors.

Elbow and three-quarter length sleeves are decidedly approved by American designers and by the women themselves.

American designers are always fervidly anxious to know what styles the French are showing—what they are recommending, etc., but for several seasons there has been a very noteworthy tendency on the part of American fashion designers to accept more suggestions from the French houses and these to a large extent are modified and Americanized.

There is no denying that Paris first brought out the long blouse and that we have been a long time in accepting it. This very thing helps to prove that no longer does the American dressmaker and style designer blindly follow any leader.

Heavy Sweaters of Silk.

Shops are showing heavy silk sweaters for winter wear. They are especially desirable for indoor wear when the low supply of coal makes it impossible to keep up the normal degree of heat. These new sweaters have many odd bits of finishing, such as vests, deep collars, fringed edges and unusual cuffs—anything for the sake of novelty.

Tailored Blouses of Silk.

The strictly man-tailored shirt-blouse cut on the lines of men's shirts with straight shirt sleeves with mannish cuffs and adjustable high or low collars is in great demand for sport wear. These are in plain wash silk and satin and in fancy colorfully striped wash silk.

Gray Hair and Hay's Hair Health

A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff, for hair that is itching, in not a dye. Dissolves dried, brittle hair. Sold by dealers, ready to use. Philo Hay Co., Newark, N. J.

s-27

New

Pork Barrels For Sale.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St. Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 180.

A DIAMOND

The thing of beauty that is a joy forever. The diamond never looks more beautiful than when mounted in the solitaire setting as we have it for this season's engagement ring—all you hear and read about the advance in price of diamonds is absolutely true, but in a stock as large as ours we have a good selection below the present market price.

Surely seeing is believing. You are invited to inspect before you purchase.

We have bought and sold diamonds for fifty years in Napanee—surely our customers have found us out.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

Rubber Extra!

We have a large range of Women's, Misses' and Child's; also Men's, Boys', and Youths' fine rubbers

At Special Prices
to fit any style of shoe.

Our stock of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Dunlap Snag Proof Rubbers are complete at SPECIAL PRICES.

We have also a large assortment of Men's and Women's Felt Boots at special prices.

Don't fail to see these goods before buying elsewhere.

WEISS BROS.
NAPANEE and TRENTON

IN SOLEING SHOES

we use only the very best leather obtainable. Its use assures long service and therefore reduces expense. Slump up your old shoes and bring them here. In these days of conservation our work plays no unimportant part. Save the price of new shoes and buy war savings or thrift stamps with it.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

THE NORMILE GROCERY

Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

The Very Best in

GROCERIES

Fresh Meats of all kinds.

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.

Successors to The Beverly McDonaldCo.

East End Barber Shop

Everything neat.; First class Workmen.; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

Give your children Syrup of Senna, the gentle but sure laxative for infants and children.—50c. per bottle at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

You can get home grown potatoes at **H. W. KELLY'S**, and they are good.

The Camden East Paper Mills has decided to go by the name of The Variety Paper Mills.

Master Jimmie Daly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Daly, won the children's contest for securing most Victory Loan advertisements. The prize was a $50.00 bond.

The Womens' Christian Temperance union will hold their regular meeting in the Public Library on Thursday, November 24th, at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Geo. Davey, Enterprise, while attending the funeral services of the late Geo. N. Wagar, in the Methodist Church was taken suddenly ill and had to be carried home where he died in a few hours from the effects of a stroke.

Mr. W. J. Jewell has secured a contract from Miss Maggie Barrett to refit her property on the corner of Centre and Bridge sts. into a number of up-to-date apartments. Mr. Jewel's contract covers carpentering, heating, plumbing and everything necessary to complete the job.

Miss Glenn of Glenn-Charles, Toronto, Canada's hair fashion store, will be in Napanee Tuesday, November 25th. Campbell House, with a full line of Ladies' and Gentlemens' Hair Goods. If you are not satisfied with the appearance of your hair, consult Miss Glenn, who is an authority on Hair Goods and individual Hair styles. Free demonstration.

The death occurred in Toronto early on Saturday of R. S. Neville, K. C., who was one of the most prominent among the legal profession in Toronto. The late Mr. Neville, who was sixty-five years of age at his death, had been in poor health for the past two years Deceased was born in Napanee and went to Toronto forty-five years ago and resided there almost continually since. He was assistant master-in-ordinary of the supreme court at Osgood hall and was at one time with the firm of Beatty & Blackstock.

James Reid, who lived at Cowson's Crossing, in the northern part of Hastings County, is lying dead at his home, and W. Wellman, of Bancroft, seriously ill, as the result, it is alleged, of partaking of illicit liquor. The victims are members of a deer hunting party at a camp near Brinklow in Northern Hastings, and on Thursday last partook of the beverage. An inquest has been opened upon the body of Reid, and a full investigation will take place Dr. Jardiner, of Eldorado, coroner, will preside over the proceedings. Reid leaves a wife and family.

On Wednesday, Dec. 3rd, S. W. Clark will sell by public auction for S. W. Knapp, on lot 14, in the 4th con. of Richmond, 1½ miles west of Selby, at one o'clock, grey horse 7 years old, black mare 9 years old in foal, 2 black colts full brothers rising 1 and 2 years old, 10 good milch cows one due to freshen Dec. 1st, registered Holstein cow Artis De Kol Bos No. 13662, 3-year-old Holstein bull Sir Burke Alcartra No. 29280, pure bred calf from Artis DeKol Bos, 3-year-old heifer coming in, 2-year-old heifer coming in, 3 grade calves, 2 brood sows, 18 shoats, farm machinery, harness, DeLaval cream separator 850 lbs. cap., 50 tons hay, straw, grain, grass seed, 75 cords stovewood, cordwood, slabs, etc. Usual terms.

Prof. J. L. Morrison of Queen's has always been a favourite lecturer in Napanee. No matter what his subject is he has the faculty of making it attractive for his hearers. After several years overseas experience in the Imperial army, he has recently returned and consented to address the Historical society on Friday evening next. His subject will be "With Allenby in Palestine" and will be illustrated by lantern slides. A lecture on Palestine at any time would be interesting but Palestine in war time, described by the Professor and illustrated by slides will be a treat indeed. He is sure to be treated to a full house. Remember the date, next Friday evening the 28th. No admission is charged to any of this excellent series of lectures and everyone is welcome, whether members of the Society or not.

Build Standard Houses.

Standard houses are being built by the British government to overcome the house shortage. The type and size of the houses will vary according to the district in which they are built, but all the parts will be standardized, from the bricks to window fittings. Wherever possible gardens will be provided for food cultivation.

School Mitts

We have every wanted kind of School Mitts for boys, and are undoubtedly the best Mitt value in Canada.

Boys' Split Horsehide Comfort Mitts—warmly lined and knitted cuffs
Priced at 50c.
A better quality in same style
at 65c.

Boys' Olive Colored Naps Sheep Mitts—with double elastic wrists and warmly lined
Special 85c. and $1.

Boys' Gantlet Gloves—made of Tan Cape leather or horsehide, with fringe cuffs
$1.00 and $1.25.

The Haines Shoe Houses
NAPANEE,
Belleville and Smiths Falls.
22tf

PERSONALS

Dr. R. V. McLaughlin has returned from a hunting trip.

Mrs. W. J. Jewell is visiting her sister in Picton.

Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Vrooman spent the week-end in Toronto.

Mr. Cyrus Huffman, Bath, is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. H. Creighton.

Dr. Wilton Ashley has returned home from a hunting trip to the north country.

Mrs. H. W. Kelly and Mrs. B. Dixon motored to Gananoque on Wednesday last and stayed a couple of days with Mrs. W. H. Acton, Silver Spring Farm.

Mrs. B. Dixon left last Friday for Chicago, Ill., after spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kelly.

Mrs. F. J. Vanalstine is spending the week with her parents at Roblin.

Mrs. (Rev.) J. H. H. Coleman spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Alexander Macphail, Clergy street, Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Wiseman have been spending the week with relatives at Chaumont and Alexandria Bay, N. Y.

Mrs. Parker Waite, Bath, left on Tuesday for Cleveland. Mr. Waite leaves next week to join her.

Mrs. J. C. Hardy, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. Irvine Vanalstine.

Miss Hilda McGreer has returned from Kingston Hospital where she has been for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Harrison, Winnipeg, are expected in Napanee next week to spend ten days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wilson. Mr. and Mrs. Harrison are on their way to England for the winter.

MARRIAGES

Boulier—Stevenson—At Watertown, N. Y., on Nov. 1st, 1919, by the Rev. W. P. Moody, pastor of Stone Street Presbyterian church, Roy S. Boulier, of Watertown, to Ruth M. Stevenson, of Napanee.

Smith-Mills—At Trinity Methodist church, by Rev. Dr. Shorey, on November 19th, 1919, Dr. Harold W. Smith, and Miss Carmen Mills, both of Napanee.

Wilson—McKim—At Trinity Church parsonage, Napanee, by Rev. Dr. Shorey, on November 19th, 1919, Mr. John T. Wilson, of Ernestown, and Miss Mildred B. McKim, of Napanee.

DEATHS

Clark—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Davy, Deseronto, on Tuesday, November 18th, 1919, Phoeba Ann Clark, aged 57 years and 7 months.

Harrison—At the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. F. B. Allison, on Saturday evening, November 15th, 1919, Rachel Amelia Harrison, widow of the late Geo. A. Harrison, aged 75 years and 7 days.

GOOD CUTLERY is difficult to obtain, but you will find an excellent line at **WILSON'S Hardware Store.**

Earliest Messages Were Exchanged Sixty-one Years Ago.

The first messages to cross the Atlantic by cable were exchanged August 16, 1858. The first submarine cable on this side of the Atlantic was that between New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, a distance of ten miles, by the Governments of the two provinces in 1851. The second cable in America was also laid by Canadian enterprise between Cape Breton and Newfoundland, a distance of 85 miles, in 1856.

The idea of laying a cable across the Atlantic originated not with Cyrus W. Field, who organized the company that was ultimately successful in the enterprise, but with Frederick Newton Gisborne, an Englishman who came to Canada in 1845 and spent the first two years with his brother, Hartley, on a farm near St. Eustache, Quebec. Becoming interested in electric telegraphy, then showing possibilities of commercial development, he successfully installed the Morse alphabet and secured employment with the Montreal Telegraph Co. as operators in 1847. Frederick Gisborne opening the first office in Quebec.

Some years later Hartley Gisborne went to Egypt, where he became director of the state telegraphs. Frederick became associated with the organization of the British North American Electric Telegraph Association and was deputed to visit New Brunswick and Nova Scotia with the purpose of connecting those provinces with the other Canadas by telegraphs. His representations proving acceptable, he was appointed superintendent and chief operator of the Government lines at Halifax, 1849 to 1851, during which period he became interested in the possibilities of insulating wire in rubber covering to carry the electric current under water. After successful experimentation he prevailed upon the Governments of Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick to lay the short cable under Northumberland Strait in 1852. He then proposed the laying of a submarine cable from Cape Breton to Newfoundland and the further extension of cable service from Newfoundland to Ireland. To enlist capital for this later enterprise, he went to New York in the winter of 1853-1854 and there met Cyrus W. Field. The outcome of the interviews with Cyrus Field was the organization of the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Co., and the successful laying of the Atlantic cable in 1857; but Frederick Newton Gisborne was nevertheless the originator of the idea and prime mover of the enterprise. In 1856 he completed a land telegraph line across Newfoundland that was utilized as a part of the first cable system.

Up to 1854 Cyrus W. Field was not interested in the possibilities of the submarine cable; before meeting Frederick Gisborne he was a moderately wealthy dealer in paper stock in New York City.

Dr. Daniels' Veterinary Remedies cure all horse and cattle complaints. Ask for a free horse and cattle book at **NIXON'S** Drug Store.

Napanee Poultry Days

Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 26th and 27th.

These days are possibly two of the biggest days in the year In Napanee, from a business view-point. Napanee is considered one of the best centres in Ontario, not only in quantity bought, but prices paid, as well.

In seasons past we have recorded wonderful business in all departments in our store. This year we aim to surpass our previous attempts. To achieve this end we purpose to give greater values than ever before. (If such a thing is possible)

At the present prices of merchandise we know our regular prices represent wonderful values, which in many cases cannot be duplicated at any price. We aim to give better service—we aim to stand back of every transaction—not in words only, but in action—(money refunded, if wanted).

Carefully consider these wonderful values garnered from every department in our store.

THE ROBINSON CO., Limited, Napanee, Ont.

S

Prints, Cottons, Blankets, Linens

SHIRTINGS in good washing and wearing fabrics at **25** cents, **35** cents, **40** cents, **45** cents and **50** cents a yard in dark Blues and Blacks. Heavy Angola Flannelette, shirtings, plaids and checks at **45** and **50** cents per yard.

UNION FLANNELS in Grey at **30** cents, **35** cents, **40** cents, **45** cents, **50** cents, **60** cents, **65** and **70** cents, Military Flannels at **75** cents. Navy Blue Flannels **75** cents per yard. Duro Dye Zepher, fadeless colors for dress up shirts, at **65** cents a yard.

KIMONA CLOTHS at **30** cents, **35** cents, **60** cents and **70** cents a yard.

WHITE FLANNELETTES at **35** cents, **40** cents, **45** cents, **50** cents, widths 29 inches to 36 inches.

COLORED STRIPE FLANNELETTE at **25** cents, **30** cents, **40** cents, **45** cents, 27 inches to 35 inches wide.

SPECIAL CANTON FLANNEL, 36 inches wide, unbleached **40** cents per yard, bleached **45** cents per yard.

WHITE BED SPREADS, good sizes, **$2.00** up to **$7.00.**

COMFORTERS, cotton filled, at **$4.00** and **$4.75.**
Down filled, neat floral down proof covers at **$13.75, $15.00, $16.50, $18.50.**

WHITE UNION AND WOOL BLANKETS at **$10.00, $10.75, $12.50, $13.75.**

GREY UNION BLANKETS at **$3.95, $6.50, $6.75.** Special values in white, grey Flannelette blankets, medium size in singles, **$1.50** each. Largest size, **$3.75** a pair.

UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASKS at **40** cents, **45** cents, **65** cents, **75** cents, **90** cents, **$1.25, $1.50** per yard.

BLEACHED SETTS TABLE LINEN, 1 dozen Naps to match, 2 by 2½ yards at **$10.00, 12.50, $16.00, $20.00.** 2 by 3 yard Setts at **$12.00** and **$16.50** per Sett.

BLEACHED SATIN TABLE DAMASK at **$1.25** per yard.

BLEACHED MERCERIZED TABLE DAMASK **$1.75** and **$1.90** per yard.

BLEACHED UNION TABLE DAMASK at **$2.00, $2.50** per yard.

BLEACHED ALL LINEN SATIN Damask at **$2.50, $2.75, $3.00** and **$3.25** per yard.

TOWELLING in Cotton Union and **all linen 18** cents a yard up to **75** cents a yard..

FEATHER STOP TICKING, 27 inch, **65** cents, 31 inch, **75** cents, 33 inches, **65** cents, **75** cents and **85** cents.

CIRCULAR PILLOW COTTONS 40, 42, 44, 46 and 50 inches, at **50, 60, 65, 75** and **80** cents.

PADDED SILENCE CLOTH, 54 inches wide, at **$1.85** per yard.

NURSES CLOTH at **35** cents, **45** cents, **60** cents and **75** cents a yard.

GALATEA, medium and dark Navy shades, at **40** cents, **60** cents, **65** cents and **75** cents.

BATTING—small batts at **20** cents, **25** cents. 12 oz Batts at **30** cents, **35** cents, **50** cents, **65** cents. 72 by 90 inch Batts, 1 pound **75** cents, 2 pounds **$1.00,** and **$1.50** each.

36 INCH CHINTZ COMFORTER COVERINGS in neat floral and Paisley designs at **30** cents, **35** cents, **40** cents per yard.

36 INCH ART MUSLIN—very special—light shades only—at **15** and **20** cents yard.

TURKISH TOWEL SETTS with borders of pink and blue., 3 towels and two face cloths to sett, at **$2.75** per sett.

WHITE—COLORED TURKISH TOWELS from **25** cents a pair up to **$3.00** a pair.

CUT LENGTHS of BLEACHED and unbleached Damask, 1 to 3 yard lengths, at tempting prices.

B

Underwear, Ladies' Gloves, Notions,

LADIES CHAMOISETTE GLOVES—Ladies washable Chamoisette Gloves, colors Beaver, Grey, Mastic, Chamois, Brown, White, sizes 6 to 9, **Special $1.00 a pair.**

LADIES UNDERWEAR—Ladies' outsize vests, white, high neck, long sleeves, drawers to match, ankle length. **Special at $1.00 a garment.** Ladies Natural vests, high neck, button front, long sleeves, size 38, regular 50 cents, **Special price 30** cents. Ladies Special Fleece Lined white Vests, long sleeves, drawers to match, ankle length, size 38, **special $1.00 a garment.** Children's Natural vests and drawers, two sizes only, 1 and 2, **to clear at 15 cents a garment.**

LADIES' HOSIERY—Ladies Fleece Lined Hose, heavy quality, sizes 8-2 to 9-2, regular 75 cents, **special 50 cents a pair.**

Ladies Cashmerette Hose, colors Black, Brown, Cream, **special 50 cents a pair.** Ladies' Plain Cashmere Hose, Black only, sizes 8-2 to 10 at **75** cents a pair. Children's ribbed wool and Cashmere Hose, sizes 5 to 7 only, **special 35 cents a pair.**

3 PLY WOOL, REGULAR $2.00 A POUND—SPECIAL PRICE **$1.50** A POUND—3 ply all wool yarn in a mid grey shade, regular $2.00 a pound, **special price $1.50 a pound.**

D

Dress Goods, Silks, Crepes,

UNION DRESS SERGE—**98** cents per yard—Union Serge, 80 per cent wool, in colors of Green, Brown, Tan, Cardinal, Saxe, 36 inches wide, worth per yard $1.50.

BLACK VELVET CORD **75** cents per yard—Black Velvet cord of good quality, perfect black, medium and large cord, 27 in. wide, Regular price $1.25 a yard.

BIG VALUE IN DRESS MATERIALS per yard **$1.25**—A choice collection of weaves and colorings so popular this season featuring plaids in striking color designs, Armure, Poplin, in colors of Cardinal, Rose, Navy.

REMNANTS in Dress Materials and Silks—You will find a splendid lot of lengths from 2 to 6 yards, in seasonable dress materials and Silks. It will repay you to look them over. Every one is a money saver.

GOOD WINTER COATINGS at **$2.75** per yard—cosisting of these favored materials, **Curl, Blanket Cloth, Diagonals, Tweeds** in Cardinal, Black, Grey, Tan, Green, 54 inches wide, worth up to $4.50 per yard.

BLACK DUCHESSE—a Rare Good Value at **$2.48** per yard—We will place on sale 100 yards of a good quality Duchesse, Black only, 36 inches wide, a silk with a rich finish, good weight, and a reputation for satisfactory service.

NATURAL PONGEE—33 inches wide, **59** cents per yard—Anticipate your future requirements and get in a supply of this splendid value. This make of silk is scarce and much higher in price. It comes 33 inches wide and for your convenience will be in lengths from 2 to 7 yards.

BUTTONS—SPECIAL AT HALF PRICE—A lot of buttons in various styles and colors to clear. Regular 25 cents a dozen, **15** cents doz; regular 50 cents a dozen, **25** cents a doz; regular 75 cents a dozen, **39** cents a doz; regular $1.00 a dozen, **50** cents a doz; regular $1.50 a dozen, **75** cents a doz.

PLAIDS AND CHECKS IN DRESS MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR CHILDREN'S WEAR—Just the ideal materials for school wear neat colored combinations in plaids stripes and checks, in lengths from 2 to 4½ yards, priced at **48** and **65** cents per yard

BLACK MESSALINE—36 inches wide per yard, **$1.89.**—Just 60 yards to go on sale at this price, guaranteed pure silk, has a rich finish, with good weight, silk like this is worth to-day $2.75 per yard.

T D & G

Men's - Boys' Clothing and Furnishings

MENS' TWEED SUITS, **$20.00** to **$45.00**

BOYS' BLOOMER SUITS—**$7.50** to **$18.50.**

MENS' LINED SMOCKSJ—**Special at $3.75**

BOYS' RAIN COATS—1 dozen only, to clear at **$1.50,** sizes 24 to 32.

BOYS' TWEED BLOOMERS—**Specially priced $1.45 to $2.25,** sizes 24 to 36.

MENS' FALL WEIGHT OVERCOATS—**$22.50 to $30.00.**

MENS' HEAVY WINTER TWEED TROUSERS—**$5.00, $6.00 $6.50**—Less than Wholesale Price.

MENS' CONVERTIBLE COLLAR TWEED ULSTERS—**$20.00 to $40.00.**

MENS' FUR COLLARED OVERCOATS—**Extra Special at $35.00.**

CHILDRENS' FANCY OVERCOATS—**$5.00** to **$12.50**—sizes 21 to 28.

YOUTHS' CONVERTIBLE COLLAR OVERCOATS—**$7.50** to **$20.00**—sizes 27 to 34.

YOUTHS' MACKINAW REEFERS—**$8.00** to **$9.00**—sizes 28 to 35.

MENS' MACKINAW REEFERS—**$10.00** and **$12.50.**

MENS' TWEED REEFERS—Quilted Lining, **$10.00** and **$12.50**

MENS' EXTRA HEAVY COAT SWEATERS—Rope Stitch, shawl Collars, sizes 38, 40, 42, **Very Special $5.00 each.**

MENS' NAPA TAN MITTS—Strong Lining, woolen wrists, **Special $1.00** pair.

MENS' SHORT MULE GLOVES—Sheepskin wrists, unlined, **Special 75 cents a pair.**

ODD LOT OF BOYS' TOQUES—Grey with Red, Khaki with Brown, **Special 35 cents each.**

MENS' FLANNELETTE NIGHT ROBES—White or Colored, splendid weight, sizes 15, 16, 17, **Very Special, $2.00 each.**

PENMAN'S No. 37 FLEECE LINED UNDERWEAR—Grey shade, for men, **Our Special price $1.15 per garment or $2.25 per suit.**

MENS' BLACK WORSTED HOSE—Ribbed, English make, sizes 10, 10½, 11, **Special 75 cents a pair.**

For Balance of Poultry Day Specials see our advt. in Napanee Beaver.

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS